

**MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
ARVIND LIMITED
WITH
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

ARVIND

Registered under Act VII 1913 on the 1st day of June 1931

**Regd. Office :
Naroda Road,
Ahmedabad - 380 025**

2022



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS
Registrar of Companies,

Gujarat, Dadra and Nagar Haveli

Fresh Certificate of Incorporation Consequent upon Change of Name

Corporate Identity Number : L17119GJ1931PLC000093

IN THE MATTER OF M/s. THE ARVIND MILLS LTD.

I hereby certify that THE ARVIND MILLS LTD. which was originally incorporated on First day of June, Nineteen Hundred Thirty One being an existing company as per Section 3 of the Companies Act, 1956 as THE ARVIND MILLS LIMITED having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 and the approval of the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto under Section 21 of the Companies, 1956, read with Government of India, Department of Company Affairs, New Delhi, Notification No. G. S. R. 507 (E) dated 24-06-1985 vide SRN A35366897 dated 15/04/2008 the name of the said Company is this day changed to ARVIND LIMITED and this certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Ahmedabad this Fifteenth day of April Two Thousand Eight.



Sd/-
[KAMAL HARJANI]
Asst. Registrar of Companies,
Gujarat,
Dadra & Nagar Haveli

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION

No. 1720 of 1931-1932

I hereby certify that **THE ARVIND MILLS LIMITED**

is this day incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913 and that the Company is Limited.

Given under my hand at **BOMBAY** this **FIRST** day of **JUNE**, One Thousand Nine Hundred and **THIRTY ONE**



Sd/-
[H.C.B. MITCHELL]
Registrar of Companies

Certificate

under Section 103 (2) of the Indian Companies Act,

VII of 1913, that a Company is entitled to commence business.

I hereby Certify, That the

The Arvind Mills Limited

which was incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, VII of 1913, on the
First day of June 1931, and which has this day filed a
statutory declaration in the prescribed form that the conditions of Section 103 [1 (a) to (d)] of the
said Act have been complied with, is entitled to commence business.

Given under my hand at Bombay this Thirtieth day of July
One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-one.



Registrar of Companies.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

ARVIND LIMITED

- I. The Name of the Company is “ **ARVIND LIMITED.**”
- II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in Ahmedabad.
- III. The objects for which the Company is established are:-
 - (1) To carry on the business of spinning, weaving or manufacturing or dealing in cotton or other fibrous substances and the preparation, dyeing or colouring of any of the said substances and the sale of yarn, cloth or other manufactured fibrous products.
 - (2) To carry on all or any of the business following, namely, cotton spinners and doublers flax, hemp and jute spinners, linen manufacturers, flax, hemp, jute and wool merchants, wool combers, worsted spinners, woolen spinners, yarn merchants, worsted stuff manufacturers, bleachers and dyers, and makers of vitriol, bleaching and dyeing materials and to purchase, comb, prepare, spin, dye and deal in flax, hemp, jute, wool, cotton, silk and other fibrous substances, and to weave or otherwise manufacture, buy and sell and deal in linen, cloth and other goods and fabrics, whether textile, fribled, knitted or looped and to supply power, and to carry on or be interested in the businesses of flour mill proprietors, pressing and ginning mill proprietors and oil mill proprietors, paper mill proprietors and ice manufacturers in all their branches and either in Ahmedabad or other parts of India.
 - *(a) To purchase or otherwise acquire, manufacture refine, treat, reduce, distill, smelt, store, hold, transport, use, experiment with, prospect for, mine, bore, extract, market, distribute, exchange, supply, sell and otherwise dispose of, import, export and trade and generally deal in any and all kinds of petroleum and petroleum products, oil gas and other volatile substances, asphalt, ozokerite, sulphur-clays, bitumen, bituminous substances, carbon, carbon black, hydro-carbon and mineral substances, phosphates, nitrates, coal ores, minerals and in general subsoil products and subsurface deposits of every nature and descriptions and the products or the bye-products which may be derived, produced, prepared, developed compounded, made or manufactured therefrom and substances obtained by mixing any of the foregoing with other substances.
 - (b) To produce, manufacture, use, buy, import, export or otherwise acquire, sell, distribute, deal in and dispose of, chemicals and chemical products of every nature and description and compounds, intermediates, derivatives and bye-products thereof and products to be made therefrom (hereafter for convenience referred to generally as chemicals and chemical products) including specifically but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, calcium carbide, calcium cyanamide, lime nitrogen, nitrogen, oxygen, nitrogenous compounds, fertilisers, acids, alkalies, sizes, oils, metallurgical reagents, floatation reagents, wetting agents, insecticides and fumigents, plastic and resins, dyestuffs, catalytic agents, goods, drugs, biologicals, pharmaceuticals, serums, vitamin products, hormones sutures, and ligatures and other products for use in prevention, treatment or cure of disease or disabilities in men or animals textiles auxiliaries, bleaching agents, pigments, insecticides, pesticides, tannis, essences, disinfectants, salts, colours, paints, glues, gums, mineral and other waters compositions, cements, oils, varnishes, compounds, dyestuffs organic or mineral intermediates, soap and washing materials, perfumes, toilet articles and cosmetics and proprietary articles of all kind, laboratory reagents, sizing, industrial and other preparations and generally products and articles of any nature and kind whatsoever, products derived from phosphates, mines, limestone, quarries, bauxite mines, petroleum, natural gas and other natural deposits, useful or suitable in the manufacture of chemical and other products as herein above defined and all substances, apparatus and things capable of being used in connection with any of the foregoing or required by customers dealing with the Company.

* The alterations in the Memorandum by addition of sub-clauses (a) to (o) were made by the Special Resolution passed at the General Meeting held on 19th May, 1967 and were confirmed by the High Court of Gujarat by its Order dated 3rd October, 1967 in Company Petition No. 14 of 1967.

- (c) To establish and carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers in ceramics, porcelain, china clay and cement products, high tension and low tension insulators and carry on the trade and business of potters, makers of porcelain, tiles, earthenware and cement and lime manufacturers and manufacturers of cement products like asbestos, cement sheets, pipes, precast products, lime bricks and plasters etc.
- (d) To establish and carry on the business of manufacturers and dealers in porcelain enamelled or ceramic coated products, glass products made from raw materials, or of purchased glass pottery (whiteware) including dinner ware, electrical porcelain (electronic and special ceramics), sanitary ware floor, and wall tiles, art pottery and other pottery, stoneware, terra cotta or other glazed products and abrasive, raw materials, equipment and machinery used in manufacture of glass, pottery or porcelain enamelled ware and to carry on the business of designers, decorators, ceramic sculptors, processors of ceramic products, retail and wholesale distributors of raw materials and equipments used in manufacture of finished ceramic products or of finished ceramic products, department stores or gift shop buyers (china and glass).
- (e) To carry on the business as manufacturers and exporters of and dealers in fire-clay, bricks, refractory goods, pottery and other products, insulating bricks, acid-proof bricks and shapes, refractories containing high alumina, basic refractories, high heat duty bricks, silica, siliminite and magnesite bricks of all sizes and shapes.
- (f) To carry on the business of manufactures and dealers in steel structurals, malleable iron castings, cast iron castings, steel forgings and to carry on the business of iron founders, mechanical, electrical, structural, civil, chemical, water supply and general engineers, and manufacturers of agricultural implements and other machinery, tool makers, iron, brass and other metal founders, boiler makers, millwrights, machinists, iron and steel converters, smiths, woodworkers, builders, painters, metal-lurgists, gas makers, saddlers, civil drawers, tube pipe and tube manufacturers, moulders, fitters, galvanisers, grinders, tool sharpeners and japenners, vulcanizers, enamellers, electroplaters, packing case makers and printers, framers, carriers and merchants, and to manufacture, produce, repair, alter, convert, recondition, prepare for sale, buy, sell, hire import, export, let out on hire trade, and deal in machine tools and implements, other machinery, plant, equipment, article, apparatus, appliances, component parts, accessories, fittings and things in any stage or degree of manufacture, process or refinement and to buy, sell, export, import, manufacture, repair, convert, alter let on hire and deal in electrical accumulators, lamps, meters, engines, motors, switchgears, switchboards, radios, heaters, irons, refrigerators, transformers, fans, aircoolers, or blowers, kettles, time-recorders, calculators, typewriters, plugs, switches, sockets, brackets, holders, reflectors, train and tramway coaches and buses, dynamoes, batteries and all other electrical goods, appliances contrivances and fittings.
- (g) To carry on all or any of the following businesses namely, manufacturers of starches and the by-products, manufacturers of modified starches and soluble starches, manufactures of glucose, dextrine and industrial adhesives, manufactures of flours, starches and other products for edible purposes, manufacturers of cattle foods, feeding and fattening preparations of every description, manufacturers of condensed milk and milk powders, tallow merchants and to buy, sell and deal in starches, modified starches, glucose, dextrines, industrial adhesives, starches and flours for edible purposes, cattlefoods, feeding and fattening preparations of every description, oils, milk powders and condensed milk, textile auxiliaries and manures and fertilisers and to supply power and be interested in paper mills, farms and dairies and in rearing of cattle either in Ahmedabad or other parts of India.
- (h) To carry on the business of stationers, printers, lithographers, stereo-typers, electro-typers, photographic printers, photolithographers, chromo litho, engravers, block-makers, diesinkers, envelope manufacturers, book-binders, designers, account-book manufacturers, machine rulers, numerical printers, type founders, photographers, manufacturers of and dealers in playing, visiting, railway, festive, complimentary and fancy cards and tickets and valentines, dealers in parchment, manufacturers and advertising agents, designers, draughtsmen, ink manufacturers, booksellers, publishers, paper manufacturers and dealers in materials used in the manufacture of ink and paper, photographic materials, engineers, cabinet makers, and dealers in or manufacturers of any other articles or things of a character similar or analogous to the foregoing or any of them or connected therewith.
- (i) To carry on business as manufacturers and processors and dealers, in ferrous and non-ferrous metals, wood enamel, aluminium, all kinds of machine tools like lathes, milling machines, hobbing and pinion cutting machines, electroplating and all plating and polishing equipments, alloys and other

products, substances, articles and things of every description and kind.

- (j) To carry on all or any of the businesses of transport, cartage and haulage contractors, garage proprietors, owners and characters of road vehicles and ships tugs, barges and boats of every description, lightermen and carriage of goods and passengers by road, and water carmen, cartage contractors, and agents, forwarding, transport and commission agents, customs agents, stevedors, wharfingers, cargo superintendents, packets, hauliers, warehousemen, store-keeper, engineers, electrician and job masters.
- (k) To carry on the business of manufacturers of, buy, sell, or deal in chemical, pharmaceuticals, medicines, fine chemicals, dyes, paints starches and its bye-products plastics and resins, makers and manufacturers of textile auxiliaries, makers of soap and candles, magarin paint and varnish, manufacturers of manures and fertilisers, tallow merchants.
- (l) To carry on in India or elsewhere all or any one or more of the following businesses, namely the buying, selling, letting on hire, hire purchase, or easy payment system of, manufacturing and contractors of and dealers in household or office furniture and domestic or business appliances, installation fittings, machinery, motor cars, taxi-cabs, automobiles, tramcars, charr-a-bancs, motor lorries and wagons, and motor vehicles of all kinds and description, cycles, bicycles, coaches, carriages and all other vehicles of all kinds, whatsoever, whether moved, propelled or drawn by motor, steam, oil, petrol, electricity or any mechanical or other power or device, agricultural implements and machinery of all sorts, and all motors, machinery, mechanical and other parts, tools, plants, implements, utensils, appliances, apparatus, requisites and accessories for all the classes of the above mentioned vehicles or any parts thereof, and all other things of whatsoever nature or description capable of being used therewith or in the manufacture, maintenance and working thereof.
- (m) To carry on the business of manufacturers, buyers, sellers, importers, exporters of and dealers in all kinds and classes of paper, board and pulp including writing paper, printing paper, news printing paper, absorbent paper, wrapping paper, tissue paper, cover paper, blotting paper, filter paper, antique paper, ivory finish paper, coated paper, art paper, bank or bond paper, badami, brown or buff paper, bible paper, cartridge paper, clothlined paper, azure-laid paper, creamlaid, wove paper, glassine, waxed paper, grease-proof paper, gummed paper, hand-made paper, parchment paper, drawing paper, kraft paper, manila paper, envelope paper., tracing paper, vellum paper, waterproof paper, carbon paper, sensitised paper, chemically treated paper, litmus paper, photographic paper, glass paper, emery paper, pasteboard, cardboard, strawboard, pulp board, leather board, mill board, corrugated board, cartons, paper bags, paper boxes, post-cards, visiting cards, all other kinds of paper whatsoever, soda pulp, mechanical pulp, sulphite pulp, and all kinds of articles in the manufacture of which in any form, paper board of pulp is used and also to deal in or manufacture any other articles or things of a character similar or analogous to the foregoing or any of them or connected therewith.
- (n) To carry on all or any of the following businesses, namely, boot and shoe manufacturers, hide and leather merchants, leather manufacturers and factors, tanners and carrier, manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of waterproof appliances, substances, things and preparations or solutions capable of being applied for water-proofing or other similar purposes, contractors for and manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of Government stores, and dealers in all kinds of leather, hides, skins and all other articles produced or used by tanners and carriers, and manufacturers of and dealers in appliances for the above trades or any of them.
- (o) (i) To carry on the business of manufacturers of, and dealers in plastic moulding powders and compounds, flakes and polymers, plasticisers and dyestuffs of all kinds, specially cellulose acetate moulding powders, polyvinyl chloride compounds, cellulose acetate flakes and polyvinyl chloride polymers, and all such articles and things which can or may be conveniently manufactured from such moulding powders, compound, flakes and polymers and all other articles or things and machineries which can or may be conveniently used for the manufacture of or in connection with all such articles and things as aforesaid.
- (ii) To manufacture rigid P.V.C. pipes, flexible hose P.V.C. sandals and other articles and things which can or may be conveniently manufactured from P.V.C. compounds.

- * (p) To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor programmes for rural development including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare or the uplift of the people in any rural area and to incur any expenditure on any programme of rural development and to assist execution and promotion thereof either directly or through any agency or in any other manner. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, "Programme of rural development" shall also include any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare or the uplift of the people in any rural area which the Directors may consider likely to promote and assist rural development, and that the words 'rural area' shall include such areas as may be regarded as rural areas under Section 35CC of the Income-tax Act, 1961, or any other law relating to rural development for the time being in force or as may be regarded by the Directors as rural areas, and in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes the Directors may at their discretion transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value as the Directors may think fit, and divest the ownership of any property of the Company to or in favour of any Public or Local Body or Authority or Central or State Government or any Public Institutions or Trusts or Funds or any other agency devoted to the work of rural development as the Directors may approve.
- (q) To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor or assist any activity for the promotion and growth of national economy and for discharging what the Directors may consider to be social and moral responsibilities of the Company to the public or any section of the public as also any activity which the Directors consider likely to promote national welfare or social, economic or moral uplift of the public or any section of the public and in such manner and by such means as the Directors may think fit and the Directors may at their discretion in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value as the Directors may think fit and divest the ownership of any property of the Company to or in favour of any Public or Local Body or Authority or Central or State Government or any Public Institutions or Trusts or Funds or any other agency devoted to the work of rural development as the Directors may approve.
- (r) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, to undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor any activity for publication of any books, literature, newspapers, etc. or for organising lectures, conferences or seminars, workshops, training programmes, etc. likely to advance the aforesaid objects or for giving merit awards, scholarships, loans or any other assistance to institutes, deserving students or other scholars or consultants or persons to enable them to prosecute their studies or academic pursuits or researches and for establishing, conducting or assisting any institution, fund, trust, etc. having any one of the aforesaid objects as one of its objects.
- (rr) To carry on business as builders, contractors, developers and to engage in development of land and/or building property of any tenure, nature or kind, and to engage in organization, purchase, trading, sale lease, exchange of property, and to construct, maintain, repair, renovate property, itself or through other agencies, and to hold property for development, construction, sale, lease, hire or exchange and to participate in joint ventures for development of property and to provide services for development of land and or building, property, and all other businesses or services related to above and to carry on any activity in connection therewith or incidental thereto other than the Real Estate business as defined under the foreign direct investment laws that may be updated from time to time.
- **Inserted

* The alterations in the Memorandum by addition of sub-clauses (p) to (r) were made by the Special Resolution passed at the General Meeting held on 27th May, 1978 and were confirmed by the Company Law Board Western Region Bench by its Order dated 22nd December, 1978.

** The alteration in the Memorandum by addition of sub-clause 2(rr) of Clause III was made by the Special Resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting held on 25th September, 2020.

- (s) To carry on the activity and business of acquiring, buying, selling, hiring, letting land and property and developing the same by erecting and constructing houses, buildings, structures and works thereon and to demolish, reconstruct, repair and rebuild any existing structures thereon and to provide factory sheds and factory building offices, show rooms, godowns, warehouses, cold storages and sheds for persons generally including for persons engaged or connected with the manufacturing activities of any kind, theatres, other commercial buildings and housing facilities including those for people of weaker sections of the society, and to purchase, hold, sell, exchange, mortgage, rent, release, lease, sub-lease, transfer or retransfer the premises including factory sheds and factory buildings, godowns and shops erected, constructed or reconstructed on such land or property to any person or party subject to any terms or conditions and to carry on any activity in connection therewith or incidental thereto.
- *Deleted
- ** (t) To carry on business of skilling, education, consulting, training, testing and assessment services, train the trainer programmes, vocational training, businesses in the Ed-tech space and allied projects for segments viz. governments, corporates, retail customers, institutes engaged in formal education, schools, research and development, charitable organisations and to impart aforesaid training through online, offline and blended mode by setting up chain of training centres either owned or through franchise/channel models, to impart other allied and ancillary services viz. Facility Management, Boarding & Lodging, Catering, Manpower / Placement Consultancy, Infra development for setting up of education centres and related services, to develop content / curriculum, to publish books and E-books, to create digital platforms for learning and customer acquisition, and to set up and run centres of excellence.
- ** (u) To carry on the business of designing, manufacturing and selling a range of consumer and intermediate products made using natural indigo and other dyes and other substances and to establish design studios, manufacturing plants, supplier relationships, job-work and other services, arrangements, establish sales and marketing arrangements directly or through channels/ partners.
- (3) Either in India or elsewhere to erect, purchase or take on lease or otherwise acquire any mills, works, machinery and any other real and personal property appertaining to the goodwill of and any interest in the business of spinning or manufacturing cotton or other fibrous substances.
- (4) To carry on any other business whether manufacturing or otherwise which may seem capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights.
- (5) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business property and liabilities of any person or company, carrying on any business which this Company is authorised to carry on or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of this Company.
- (6) To extend the business of the Company by purchasing, acquiring, getting transferred or leasing any spinning or weaving mill or any other manufactory either private or belonging to joint stock companies for the time being situate in Ahmedabad or elsewhere in the world and the property, business and goodwill appertaining thereto respectively.
- (7) To extend the business of the Company by adding to, altering or enlarging, all or any of the buildings, mill factories, premises and machinery for the time being the property or in the possession of the Company; also by erecting new or additional buildings on all or any of the lands for the time being the property or in the possession of the Company, and also by expending from time to time such sums of money as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of improving, adding to, altering, repairing and maintaining the buildings, machinery and property for the time being of the Company.
- (8) To enter into partnership or into an arrangement for sharing profits, amalgamation, union of interests, cooperation, joint adventures, reciprocal concession or otherwise with any person, firm or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which this Company

* The alteration in the Memorandum by deletion of sub-clause 2(s) of Clause III was made by the Special Resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 4th April, 1990 and was confirmed by the Company Law Board Bench, Western Region, Bombay, by its Order dated 26th June, 1992.

** The alterations in the Memorandum by insertion of sub-clause 2(t) and 2(u) of Clause III were made by the Special Resolution passed by the Members on 22nd December, 2022 through postal ballot by remote e-Voting only ("remote e-Voting").

is authorised to carry on or to engage in any business undertaking or transaction which may seem capable of being carried on or conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to lend money to guarantee the contracts of or otherwise assist any such person, firm or company and to place, take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or securities of any such person, firm or company and to sell, hold, reissue with or without guarantee or otherwise deal with the same.

- (9) To be interested in, promote and undertake the formation and establishment of such institutions, business and companies (industrial, agricultural, trading, manufacturing or other and particularly cotton mills, flour mills, oil mills, paper mills, and other factories) as may be considered to be conducive to the profit and interest of the Company, and also to acquire, promote, aid, foster, subsidise or acquire interests in any industry or undertaking in any country or countries whatsoever.
- (10) To pay all costs, charges and expenses incurred or sustained in or about the promotion and establishment of the Company or which the Company shall construe to be preliminary, including therein the cost of the advertising, commission for the under-writing brokerage, printing and stationery and the expenses attendant upon the formation of agencies.
- (11) Upon any issue of shares, debentures or any other securities of the Company to employ brokers, commission agents and under-writers and to provide for the remuneration of such persons for their services by payment in cash or by issue of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company by the granting of options to take the same or in any other manner allowed by law.
- (12) To procure the incorporation, registration or other recognition of the Company in any country, state or place, and to establish and regulate agencies for the purposes of the Company's business, and to apply or join in applying to any parliament, Government, Local, Municipal or other authority or body, British colonial or foreign, for any acts of Parliament, laws, decrees, concessions, orders, rights or privileges that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- (13) To open and keep a register or registers in any country or countries where it may be deemed advisable to do so and to allocate any number of the shares in the Company to such register or registers.
- (14) To purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire for the purposes of the Company any estates, lands, buildings, easements or other interests in real estate and to sell, let on lease or otherwise dispose of or grant rights over any real property belonging to the Company.
- (15) To purchase or otherwise acquire, erect, maintain, reconstruct and adopt any buildings, offices, workshop, mills, plant, machinery, accessories and other things found necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Company and also to extend the business of the Company by adding to, altering, enlarging all or any of the buildings, mill premises and machinery for the time being the property of the Company, on all or any of the lands for the time being the property or in possession of the Company; and by expending from time to time such sums of money as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of improving, adding to, altering, repairing and maintaining the buildings and machinery and property for the time being of the Company.
- (16) To apply for and take out, purchase or otherwise acquire any patents, patent rights or inventions, copyright or secret processes which may be useful for the Company's objects and to grant licences to use the same.
- (17) To manufacture, buy, sell and generally deal in any plant, machinery, tools, goods or thing of any description which, in the opinion of the Company may be conveniently dealt in by the Company in connection with any of its objects.
- (18) To let on lease or on hire the whole or any part of the real and personal property of the Company on such terms as the Company shall determine. To enter into such arrangements as the Company may think proper with any public authority for building chawls and tenements on the property of the Company or on the property of others and to let the same either to the employees of the Company or to others and upon such terms as the Company may think proper.
- (19) To draw, accept and make and to endorse, discount and negotiate bills of exchange and promissory notes and other negotiable instruments.

- (20) To borrow or raise money by the issue of debentures, debenture stock (perpetual or terminable) bonds, mortgages or any other securities founded or based upon all or any of the property and rights of the Company including its uncalled capital or without any such security and upon such terms as to priority or otherwise as the Company shall think fit and to purchase, redeem of, pay off any such securities.
- (21) To receive money on deposit with or without allowance of interest thereon.
- (22) To advance and lend money to such person or persons or company or companies and on such terms as may seem expedient with or without taking any security and in particular to customers and other having dealings with the Company and to guarantee the performance of contracts by any such persons or Companies.
- (23) To invest any moneys of the Company in any form of investment which may be considered desirable and from time to time vary any such investment.
- (24) To acquire by subscription, purchase or otherwise, and to accept and take hold or sell shares or stock in any company, society or undertaking which does among other things the business of spinning, weaving or manufacturing or dealing in cotton or other fibrous substances and the manufacturing preparation, dyeing or colouring of any of the said substances, or of manufacturing dye stuffs or the object of which shall either in whole or in part be similar to those of this Company, or such as may be likely to promote or advance the interests of this Company.
- (25) To establish agencies in India and elsewhere for sales and purchases and to regulate and discontinue the same.
- *(26) To provide for the welfare of employees (including directors) or ex-employees of the Company or its predecessors in business and the wives, widows and families or the dependents or connections of such persons by building or contributing to the building of houses or dwelling or quarters or by grants of money, pensions, gratuities, allowances, bonuses, profit sharing bonuses or benefits or any other payments or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident and other associations, institutions, funds, profit sharing or other schemes or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instructions and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Company shall think fit.
- *(27) To subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national, public, political or any other useful institutions, objects or purposes or for any exhibition.
- (28) To sell, dispose of, mortgage, exchange, lease or transfer the business, property and undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for any consideration which the Company may deem fit to accept and in particular for shares, debentures, debenture stock, bonds or securities of any other Company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, to promote any other Company or Companies for the purpose of its or their acquiring all or any of the property, rights or liabilities of this Company or for any other purpose which may seem calculated to benefit this Company.
- (29) To create any reserve fund, sinking fund, insurance fund or any other special fund whether for depreciation or for repairing, improving, extending or maintaining any of the property of the Company or for any other purposes conducive to the interests of the Company.
- (30) To place to reserve or to distribute as dividend or bonus among the members, or otherwise to apply, as the Company may from time to time think fit, any moneys received by way of premium on shares or debentures issued at a premium by the Company and any moneys received in respect of dividends accrued on forfeited shares and moneys arising from the sale by the Company of forfeited shares or from unclaimed dividends.
- (31) To distribute any of the property of Company amongst the members in specie or kind.
- (32) To do all or any of the matters hereby authorised as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.

* The alteration of these Sub-clauses was confirmed by the Court of the District Judge, Ahmedabad, in C. M. A. No. 136 of 1957, on the terms and conditions mentioned in the order dated 28-11-1957. This order has been varied by the order dated 29th April, 1968 passed by the Gujarat High Court in Company application No.43 of 1967.

- (33) To indemnify members, officers, directors, agents and servants of the Company against proceedings, costs, damages, claims and demands in respect of anything done, or ordered to be done by them for and in the interests of the Company or for any loss damages or misfortune whatever, which shall happen in execution of the duties of their office or in relation thereto.
- (34) To authorise the Board of Directors on behalf of the Company to enter into, execute and carry into effect the arrangements made from time to time between the Company and the Agents' firm as per Schedule 'A' or otherwise. The said Board is further authorised to modify and consent to the terms and conditions as may be agreed upon from time to time between the Company and the said Agent's firm in connection with this schedule.
- (35) Generally to do all such other things as may appear to be incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

And it is hereby declared that the intention is that the object or objects specified in each paragraph of this clause shall have the widest possible construction and shall be in no wise limited or restricted by reference to or reference from the terms of any other paragraph of this clause or the name of the Company.

IV. The Liability of the members is limited.

*V. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 674,50,00,000/- (Rupees Six Hundred Seventy Four Crores Fifty lacs only) divided into 57,45,00,000 (Fifty Seven Crores Forty Five Lacs Only) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each, 1,00,00,000 (One Crore Only) Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each with such rights, privileges and conditions attached thereto as may be determined by the General Meetings at the time of issue. The Company has and shall always have the power to divide the Share Capital from time to time and to vary, modify and abrogate any rights, privileges, conditions attached to the Share in such a manner as may from the time being provided in the regulations of the Company.

VI. Deleted

* **Notes to Authorised Capital :**

1. The Authorised Capital was reduced from Rs. 25,25,000/- to Rs. 15,25,000/- being confirmed by the District Court, Ahmedabad, by its Order dated 22nd March, 1935.
2. The Authorised Capital was reduced from Rs. 15,25,000/- to Rs. 5,25,000/- being confirmed by the District Court, Ahmedabad, by its order dated 1st September, 1937.
3. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 5,25,000/- to Rs. 15,75,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 17th June, 1940.
4. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 15,75,000/- to Rs. 21,00,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 4th June, 1943.
5. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 21,00,000/- to Rs. 26,25,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 15th March, 1945.
6. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 26,25,000/- to Rs. 1,05,00,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 10th May, 1948.
7. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 1,05,00,000/- to Rs. 2,10,00,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 10th September, 1951.
8. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 2,10,00,000/- to Rs. 3,00,00,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 26th August, 1967.
9. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 3,00,00,000/- to Rs. 5,00,00,000/- at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 28th May, 1974.
10. The division of Authorised Capital was altered and approved at Annual General Meeting held on 27th May, 1986.
11. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 5,00,00,000/- to Rs. 8,00,00,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 7th December, 1987.

12. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 8,00,00,000/- to Rs 20,00,00,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 9th March, 1989.
13. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 20,00,00,000/- to Rs 40,00,00,000/ at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 8th November, 1990
14. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 40,00,00,000/- to Rs. 60,00,00,000/ at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 9th March, 1992.
15. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 60,00,00,000/- to Rs. 100,00,00,000/ at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 20th June, 1992.
16. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 100,00,00,000/- to Rs. 150,00,00,000/ at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 4th December, 1993.
17. Reclassification of Authorised Capital of Rs. 150,00,00,000/- was approved at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 15 June, 1995.
18. Reclassification of Authorised Capital of Rs. 150,00,00,000/- was approved at Annual General Meeting held on 23rd September, 1995.
19. Reclassification of Authorised Capital of Rs. 150,00,00,000/- was approved at Annual General Meeting held on 20th September, 1996.
20. Reclassification of Authorised Capital of Rs.150,00,00,000/- was approved at Annual General Meeting held on 10th September, 1997.
21. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 150,00,00,000/- to Rs. 260,00,00,000/ at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 22nd September, 1998.
22. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 260,00,00,000/- to Rs. 320,00,00,000/ and reclassified at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 12th June, 2001.
23. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs. 320,00,00,000/- to Rs. 450,00,00,000/- at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 23rd October, 2007.
24. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs.450,00,00,000/- to Rs. 665,00,00,000/- pursuant to the Scheme of Arrangement in the nature of de-merger and transfer of Investment Division of Asman Investment Limited to Arvind Limited and amalgamation of Arvind Products Limited with Arvind Limited approved by the High Court of Gujarat, Ahmedabad, by its order dated 29th December, 2011.
25. The Authorised Capital was increased from Rs.665,00,00,000/- to Rs.774,50,00,000/- pursuant to Scheme of Arrangement in the nature of Amalgamation of Arvind Brands & Retail Limited, Arvind Garments Park Private Limited and Dholka Textile Park Private Limited with Arvind Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors approved by NCLT, Ahmedabad Bench by its order dated 24th August,2017.
26. The Authorised Capital was decreased from Rs.774,50,00,000/- to Rs.674,50,00,000/- pursuant to Composite Scheme of Arrangement involving De-merger, amalgamation and restructure of Capital amongst Arvind Limited, Arvind Fashion Limited, Anveshan Heavy Engineering Limited and The Anup Engineering Limited and their respective shareholders and creditors approved by NCLT, Ahmedabad Bench by its order dated 26th October, 2018.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed hereto, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Dated this 1st day of June In the year of Christ One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty one.

Names and Occupations of subscribers	Address	Equity Shares subscribed	Witness
Chimanbhai Lalbhai Mill Agent	Pankore Naka, Ahmedabad.	60	-----Sd/- -----
Dhanjisha Edalji Anklesarea Doctor	Kalupur, Ahmedabad.	20	
Kasturbhai Lalbhai Mill Agent	Shahibag Ahmedabad.	60	
Ganesh Vasudeo Mavlankar Lawyer	Bhadra, Ahmedabad.	20	
Narottam Lalbhai Mill Agent	Shahibag, Ahmedabad.	60	
Narottam P. Hutheesing Mill Agent	Gheekanta Vadi Ahmedabad.	20	
Narottam Chandulal	Near Civil Hospital Ahmedabad.	10	

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OF

ARVIND LIMITED

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THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act, 1913)

***ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**
OF
ARVIND LIMITED

1. Table F will not apply

The Regulations contained in Table F, in the First Schedule to the Companies Act, 2013, shall not apply to this Company, but the regulations for the management of the Company and for the conduct of Meetings of the Members thereof, shall, subject to any exercise of the statutory powers of the Company in reference to the repeal or alteration of, or addition to, its regulations by Special Resolution, as prescribed by the said Companies Act, 2013, be such as are contained in these Articles unless the same are repugnant or contrary to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 or any amendment or notification thereto.

2. Interpretation Clause

In the interpretation of these Articles the following expressions shall have the following meanings unless repugnant to the subject or context:

The Act

- (a) "The Act" means the Companies Act, 2013 and includes rules made there under and any statutory modification, clarification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and the term shall be deemed to refer to the applicable section thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears in these Articles and any previous Company Law, so far as may be applicable.

Articles

- (b) "These Articles" means Articles of Association for the time being in force or as may be altered from time to time or any statutory modification thereof.

Annual General Meeting

- (c) "Annual General Meeting" means a General Meeting of the Members held in accordance with the provision of section 96 of the Act.

Auditors

- (d) "Auditors" means and includes those persons appointed as such for the time being of the Company.

Board

- (e) "Board" means the Directors of the Company collectively, and shall include a committee thereof.

Capital

- (f) "Capital" means the share capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purpose of the Company.

The Company

- (g) "Company" shall mean Arvind Limited established as aforesaid.

Debenture

- (h) "Debenture" includes debenture stock, bonds or any other instrument of a company evidencing a debt, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the company or not.

* **A new set of Articles of Association was adopted in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles thereof vide Special Resolution passed at the .Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 6th August, 2015.**

Document

- (i) "Document" includes summons, notice, requisition, order, declaration, form and register, whether issued, sent or kept in pursuance of this Act or under any other law for the time being in force or otherwise, maintained on paper or in electronic form.

Executor or Administrator

- (j) "Executor" or "Administrator" means a person who has obtained a probate or letter of administration, as the case may be from a Court of competent jurisdiction and shall include a holder of a Succession Certificate authorizing the holder thereof to negotiate or transfer the Share or Shares of the deceased Member and shall also include the holder of a Certificate granted by the Administrator General under section 31 of the Administrator General Act, 1963.

Extra-Ordinary General Meeting

- (k) "Extra-Ordinary General Meeting" means an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members duly called and constituted and any adjourned holding thereof.

Meeting or General Meeting

- (l) "General Meeting" means a meeting of members.

In Writing and Written

- (m) "In Writing" and "Written" includes printing lithography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form and shall include email, and any other form of electronic transmission.

"Independent Director"

- (n) "Independent Director" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Act.

Marginal notes

- (o) The marginal notes hereto shall not affect the construction thereof.

Key Managerial Personnel

- (p) "Key Managerial Personnel" means the Chief Executive Officer or the Managing Director; the Company Secretary; Wholetime Director; Chief Financial Officer; and such other Officer as may be notified from time to time in the Rules.

Legal Representative

- (q) "Legal Representative" means a person who in law represents the estate of a deceased Member.

Gender

- (r) Words importing the masculine gender also include the feminine gender.

Members

- (s) "Members" means the duly registered holders, for the time being of the shares of the Company and in case of shares held in dematerialized form such persons whose name is entered as a beneficial owner in the records of a depository.

Month

- (t) "Month" means a calendar month.

National Holiday

- (u) "National Holiday" means and includes a day declared as National Holiday by the Central Government.

Non-retiring Directors

- (v) "Non-retiring Directors" means a director not subject to retirement by rotation.

Office

- (w) "Office" means the registered Office for the time being of the Company.

Ordinary and Special Resolution

- (x) "Ordinary Resolution" and "Special Resolution" shall have the meanings assigned thereto by Section 114 of the Act.

Paid-up

- (y) "Paid-up" in relation to shares includes credited as paid-up.

Person

- (z) "Person" shall be deemed to include corporations and firms as well as individuals.

Proxy

- (aa) "Proxy" means an instrument whereby any person is authorized to vote for a member at General Meeting on Poll and includes attorney duly constituted under the power of attorney.

Register of Members

- (bb) "The Register of Members" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 88(1)(a) of the Act and can be kept anywhere outside India.

Seal

- (cc) "Seal" means the common seal for the time being of the Company or any other method of Authentication of documents, as specified under the Act or amendment thereto.

Secretary

- (dd) "Secretary" means a company secretary as defined in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 who is appointed by the Board of Directors to perform the functions of a company secretary under this Act and is a Key Managerial Person.

Share

- (ee) "Share" means a share in the share capital of a company and includes stock.

Singular number

- (ff) Words importing the Singular number include where the context admits or requires the plural number and vice versa.

Statutes

- (gg) "The Statutes" means the Companies Act, 2013 and every other Act for the time being in force affecting the Company.

These presents

- (hh) "These presents" means the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered from time to time.

Variation

- (ii) "Variation" shall include abrogation; and "vary" shall include abrogate.

Year and Financial Year

- (jj) "Year" means the calendar year and "Financial Year" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2(41) of the Act.

Expressions in the Act to bear the same meaning in Articles

Save as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Act shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles.

CAPITAL**Authorized Capital**

3. The Authorized Share Capital of the Company shall be such amount as may be mentioned in Clause V of Memorandum of Association of the Company from time to time.

Increase of capital by the Company and how carried into effect

4. The Company may in General Meeting, from time to time, by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by creation of new shares, which may be unclassified and may be classified at the time of issue in one or more classes and of such amount or amounts as may be deemed expedient. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any shares of the original or increased capital shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto, as the General Meeting resolving upon the creation thereof, shall direct, and if no direction be given, as the Board shall determine and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company, and with a right of voting at general meetings of

the Company in conformity with Section 47 of the Act. Whenever the capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of this Article the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 64 of the Act.

New Capital same as existing capital

5. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these Presents, any capital raised by the creation of new Shares shall be considered as part of the existing capital, and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and installments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.

Differential Voting Shares

6. The Board shall have the power to issue a part of authorized capital by way of differential -voting Shares at price(s) premium, dividends, eligibility, volume, quantum, proportion and other terms and conditions as they deem fit, subject however to provisions of law, rules, regulations, notifications and enforceable guidelines for the time being in force.

Redeemable Preference Shares

7. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Company shall have the power to issue preference shares, either at premium or at par which are or at the option of the Company are to be liable to be redeemed and the resolution authorizing such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of redemption. ,

Voting rights of preference shares

8. The holder of Preference Shares shall have a right to vote only on Resolutions, which directly affect the rights attached to his Preference Shares.

Provisions to apply on issue of Redeemable Preference Shares

9. On the issue of redeemable preference shares under the provisions of Article 7 hereof, the following provisions shall take effect:
 - (a) No such Shares shall be redeemed except out of profits which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purpose of the redemption;
 - (b) No such Shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid;
 - (c) Subject to section 55(2)(d)(i) of the Act, the premium, if any payable on redemption shall have been provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's security premium account, before the Shares are redeemed;
 - (d) Where any such Shares are redeemed otherwise then out of the proceeds of a fresh issue, there shall out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend, be transferred to a reserve fund, to be called "the Capital Redemption Reserve Account", a sum equal to the nominal amount of the Shares redeemed, and the provisions of the Act relating to the reduction of the share capital of the Company shall, except as provided in Section 55 of the Act apply as if the Capital Redemption Reserve Account were paid-up share capital of the Company; and
 - (e) Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act, the redemption of preference shares hereunder may be effected in accordance with the terms and conditions of their issue and in the absence of any specific terms and conditions in that behalf, in such manner as the Directors may think fit. The reduction of Preference Shares under the provisions by the Company shall not be taken as reducing the amount of its Authorized Share Capital.

Reduction of capital

10. The Company may (subject to the provisions of sections 52, 55 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act or any other section as notified) from time to time by Special Resolution reduce :
 - (a) the share capital;
 - (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
 - (c) any security premium account.

In any manner for the time being, authorized by law and in particular capital may be paid off on the footing that it may be called up again or otherwise. This Article is not to derogate from any power

the Company would have, if it were omitted.

Debentures

11. Any debentures, debenture-stock or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment of shares, attending (but not voting) at the General Meeting, appointment of Directors and otherwise. Debentures with the right to conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in the General Meeting by a Special Resolution.

Issue of Sweat Equity Shares

12. The Company may exercise the powers of issuing sweat equity shares conferred by Section 54 of the Act of a class of shares already issued subject to such conditions as may be specified in the Act and Rules framed thereunder.

Share Based Employee Benefits

13. The Company may provide share based benefits including but not limited to Stock Option, Stock Appreciation Rights or any other co-investment share plan and other forms of share based compensations to Employees including its Directors other than independent directors and such other persons as the rules may allow, under any scheme, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Rules made thereunder and any other law for the time being in force, by whatever name called.

Buy Back of shares

14. Notwithstanding anything contained in these articles but subject to and in full compliance of the requirements of sections 68 to 70 (both inclusive) and any other applicable provision of the Act and Rules made thereunder, provisions of any re-enactment thereof and any rules and regulations that may be prescribed by the Central Government, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) or any other appropriate authority in this regard, the Company may with the authority of the Board or the members in General Meeting, as may be required / and contemplated by Section 68 of the Act, at any time and from time to time, authorise buyback of any part of the share capital of the Company fully paid-up on that date.

Consolidation, Sub-Division and Cancellation

15. Subject to the provisions of Section 61 of the Act, the Company in general meeting may, from time to time, sub-divide or consolidate all or any of the share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing share or sub-divide its shares, or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum; subject nevertheless, to the provisions of clause (d) of sub-section (1) of Section 61; Subject as aforesaid the Company in general meeting may also cancel shares which have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

Issue of Depository Receipts

16. Subject to compliance with applicable provision of the Act and Rules framed thereunder the company shall have power to issue depository receipts in any foreign country.

Issue of Securities

17. Subject to compliance with applicable provision of the Act and Rules framed thereunder the company shall have power to issue any kind of securities as permitted to be issued under the Act and rules framed thereunder.

MODIFICATION OF CLASS RIGHTS

Modification of rights

18. If at any time the share capital, by reason of the issue of Preference Shares or otherwise is divided into different classes of shares, all or any of the rights privileges attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of the class) may, subject to the provisions of Section 48 of the Act and whether or not the Company is being wound-up, be varied, modified or dealt, with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the issued shares of that class or with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. The provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply to every such separate class of meeting.

Provided that if variation by one class of shareholders affects the rights of any other class of shareholders, the consent of three-fourths of such other class of shareholders shall also be obtained

and the provisions of this section shall apply to such variation.

New Issue of Shares not to affect rights attached to existing shares of that class

19. The rights conferred upon the holders of the Shares including Preference Share, if any, of any class issued with preferred or other rights or privileges shall, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of the issue of shares of that class, be deemed not to be modified, commuted, affected, abrogated, dealt with or varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking paripassu therewith.

Shares at the disposal of the Directors

20. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company shall be under the control of the Board who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit. The Directors will have the authority to disallow the right to renounce right shares.

Directors may allot shares otherwise than for cash

21. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board may issue and allot shares in the capital of the Company on payment or part payment for any property or assets of any kind whatsoever sold or transferred, goods or machinery supplied or for services rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid-up or partly paid-up otherwise than for cash, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid-up or partly paid-up shares, as the case may be.

Power to issue securities on private placement basis

22. The Company may issue securities in any manner whatsoever including by way of a preferential offer, to any persons whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 62 subject to compliance with section 42 and / or 62 of the Act and rules framed thereunder subject to any further amendments or notifications thereto.

Shares should be Numbered progressively and no share to be subdivided

23. The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations, and except in the manner hereinbefore mentioned no share shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered share shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.

Acceptance of Shares

24. An application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company, followed by an allotment of any shares therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles, and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the Register shall for the purposes of these Articles, be a Member.

Deposit and call etc. to be a debt payable immediately

25. The money (if any) which the Board shall on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise, in respect of any shares allotted by them, shall immediately on the inscription of the name of the allottee in the Register of Members as the name of the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.

Liability of Members

26. Every Member, or his heirs, executors, administrators, or legal representatives, shall pay to the Company the portion of the Capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being, remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts at such time or times, and in such manner as the Board shall, from time to time in accordance with the Company's regulations, require on date fixed for the payment thereof.

Registration of Shares

27. Shares may be registered in the name of any limited company or other corporate body but not in the name of a firm, an insolvent person or a person of unsound mind.

Return on allotments to be made or restrictions on allotment

28. The Board shall observe the restrictions as regards allotment of shares to the public, and as regards return on allotments contained in Section 39 of the Act.

CERTIFICATES

Share Certificates

29. (a) Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled to receive within two months after allotment or within one month from the date of receipt by the Company of the application for the registration of transfer or transmission or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide –
1. one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges; or
 2. several certificates, each for one or more of his shares, upon payment of Rs. 50 for every certificate or such charges as may be fixed by the Board for each certificate after the first. The charges can be waived off by the Company.
- (b) Every certificate of shares shall be either under the seal of the company or will be authenticated by (1) two Directors or persons acting on behalf of the Directors under a duly registered Power of Attorney and (2) the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose; a Director may sign a share certificate by affixing signature thereon by means of any machine, equipment or other mechanical means such as engraving in metal or lithography but not by means of rubber stamp and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon.
- (c) Any two or more joint allottees of shares shall, for the purpose of this Article, be treated as a single member, and the certificate of any shares which may be the subject of joint ownership, may be delivered to anyone of such joint owners on behalf of all of them. For any further certificate the Board shall be entitled, but shall not be bound, to prescribe a charge not exceeding Rupees Fifty. The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 39 of the Act.

Issue of renewed or duplicate share certificate

30. (a) If any certificate be worn out, defaced, mutilated or torn or if there be no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then upon production and surrender thereof to the Company, a new Certificate may be issued in lieu thereof.
- (b) If any certificate lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the company and on execution of such indemnity as the company deems adequate and on payment of out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the company in investigating the evidence produced, being given, then only with prior consent of the Board, a duplicate Certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed Certificate.
- (c) Every Certificate shall be issued in such manner as prescribed under the Act or Rules framed thereunder applicable from time to time.
- (d) Every Certificate under the Article shall be issued without payment of fees if the Directors so decide, or on payment of such fees (not exceeding Rupees Fifty for each certificate) as the Directors shall prescribe.
- (e) The particulars of every renewed or duplicate share certificate issued shall be entered forthwith in a Register of Renewed and Duplicate Share Certificates maintained in prescribed format indicating against the name(s) of the person(s) to whom the certificate is issued, the number and date of issue of the share certificate in lieu of which the new certificate is issued, and the necessary changes indicated in the Register of Members by suitable cross-references in the "Remarks" column.
- (f) Register shall be kept at the registered office of the company or at such other place where the Register of Members is kept and it shall be preserved permanently and shall be kept in the custody of the company secretary of the company or any other person authorized by the Board for the purpose.
- (g) All entries made in the Register of Renewed and Duplicate Share Certificates shall be authenticated by the company secretary or such other person as may be authorised by the Board for the purposes of sealing and signing the share certificate.
- (h) Provided that notwithstanding what is stated above the Directors shall comply with such Rules or Regulation or requirements of any Stock Exchange or the Rules made under the Act or the

rules made under Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, or any other Act, or rules applicable in this behalf.

- (i) The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to debentures of the Company.

The first named joint holder deemed Sole holder

31. If any share stands in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the Register shall as regard receipts of dividends or bonus or service of notices and all or any other matter connected with the Company except voting at meetings, and the transfer of the shares, be deemed sole holder thereof but the joint-holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all calls and other payments due in respect of such share and for all incidentals thereof according to these articles and the terms of issue.

Maximum number of joint holders

32. The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as the joint holders of any share.

Company not bound to recognize any interest in share other than that of registered holders

33. Except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by law required, the Company shall not be bound to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as is by these Articles otherwise expressly provided or by law otherwise provided) any right in respect of a share other than an absolute right thereto, in accordance with these Articles, in the person from time to time registered as the holder thereof but the Board shall be at liberty at its sole discretion to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons or the survivor or survivors of them.

Funds of Company may not be applied in purchase of shares of the Company

34. Company shall not give whether directly or indirectly, by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for or in connection with the purchase or subscription of any shares in the Company or in its holding Company, save as provided by Section 67 of the Act.

Installment on shares to be duly paid

35. If by the conditions of allotment of any share the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable by installment, every such installment shall when due be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be the registered holder of the share or his legal representative.

UNDERWRITING AND BROKERAGE

Commission

36. Subject to the provisions of Section 40 (6) of the Act, the Company may at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing, to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any securities in the Company, or procuring, or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any securities in the Company but so that the commission shall not exceed the maximum rates laid down by the Act and the Rules made in that regard. Such commission may be satisfied by payment of cash or by allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.

Brokerage

37. The Company may pay on any issue of securities such brokerage as may be reasonable and lawful.

CALLS

Directors may make calls

38. (a) The Board may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any shares may have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board and not by a circular resolution, make such calls as it thinks fit, upon the Members in respect of all the moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and each Member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the time and places appointed by the Board.
- (b) A call may be made payable by installments.
- (c) The option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction

of the Issuer in general meetings.

Call may be revoked or postponed

39. A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

Notice of Calls

40. Fifteen days' notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the time and place of payment, and the person or persons to whom such call shall be paid.

Calls to date from resolution

41. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board of Directors authorizing such call was passed and may be made payable by the members whose names appear on the Register of Members on such date or at the discretion of the Directors on such subsequent date as may be fixed by Directors.

Calls on uniform basis

42. Whenever any calls for further share capital are made on shares, such calls shall be made on uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class. For the purposes of this Article shares of the same nominal value of which different amounts have been paid up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class.

Liability of Joint-holders

43. The joint-holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

Directors may extend time

44. The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call and may extend such time as to all or any of the members who on account of the residence at a distance or other cause, which the Board may deem fairly entitled to such extension, but no member shall be entitled to such extension save as a matter of grace and favour.

Calls to carry interest

45. If any Member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board not exceeding ten per cent per annum but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such member.

Sums deemed to be calls

46. (a) If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise any amount is made payable at any fixed time (whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium) every such amount or installment shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Directors and of which due notice has been given and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls shall apply to such amount or installment accordingly.
- (b) In case of non-payment of such sum, all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise, shall apply mutatis mutandis as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

Proof on trial of suit for money due on shares

47. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any Member or his representatives for the recovery of any money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the Member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered, was on the Register of Members as the holder, on or subsequent to the date at which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due, of the shares in respect of which such money is sought to be recovered; that such money is due pursuant to the terms on which the share was issued; that the resolution making the call was duly recorded in the minute book; and that notice of such call was duly given to the Member or his representatives sued in pursuance of these Articles; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the Board meeting at which any call was made nor that the meeting at which any call was made was duly convened or constituted nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Judgment, decree, partial payment suo motto proceed for forfeiture

48. Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls or other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part payment or satisfaction thereunder nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any Member of the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money, shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.

Payments in Anticipation of calls may carry interest

49. (a) The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the amounts of his respective shares beyond the sums, actually called up and upon the moneys so paid in advance, or upon so much thereof, from time to time, and at any time thereafter as exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and due in respect of the shares on account of which such advances are made the Board may pay or allow interest, at such rate as the member paying the sum in advance and the Board agree upon. The Board may agree to repay at any time any amount so advanced or may at any time repay the same upon giving to the Member three months' notice in writing: provided that moneys paid in advance of calls on shares may carry interest but shall not confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.
- (b) No Member paying any such sum in advance shall be entitled to voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment become presently payable. The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to calls on debentures issued by the Company.

LIEN

Company to have Lien on shares / debentures

50. (a) The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares/debentures (other than fully paid-up shares/debentures) registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares/debentures and no equitable interest in any share shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Article 33 will have full effect. And such lien shall extend to all dividends, bonuses or interest from time to time declared in respect of such shares/debentures. Unless otherwise agreed the registration of a transfer of shares/debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any, on such shares/debentures.
- (b) The Directors may at any time declare any shares/debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from the provisions of this clause.

As to enforcing lien by sale

51. (a) For the purpose of enforcing such lien the Board may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they think fit but no sale shall be made unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such Member, his executors or administrators or his committee or other legal representatives as the case may be and default shall have been made by him or them in the payment of the sum payable as aforesaid for seven days after the date of such notice.
- (b) To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorize some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof and purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer.
- (c) Upon any such sale as the Certificates in respect of the shares sold shall stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect, and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a new Certificate or Certificates in lieu thereof to the purchaser or purchasers concerned.

Application of proceeds of sale

52. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue, if any, shall (subject to lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

FORFEITURE AND SURRENDER OF SHARES

If call or installment not paid, notice may be given

53. If any Member fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or installment or any moneys due in respect of any shares either by way of principal or interest on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any such extension thereof, the Directors may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or installment or any part thereof or other moneys as aforesaid remains unpaid or a judgment or decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice on such Member or on the person (if any) entitled to the shares by transmission, requiring him to pay such call or installment of such part thereof or other moneys as remain unpaid together with any interest that may have accrued and all reasonable expenses (legal or otherwise) that may have been accrued by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

Terms of notice

54. (a) The notice shall name a day (not being less than fourteen days from the date of notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or installment and such interest thereon as the Directors shall determine from the day on which such call or installment ought to have been paid and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid.
- (b) The notice shall also state that, in the event of the non-payment at or before the time and at the place or places appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made or installment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.

On default of payment, shares to be forfeited

55. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid shall not be complied with, every or any share in respect of which such notice has been given, may at any time thereafter but before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses, due in respect thereof, be forfeited by resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture.

Notice of forfeiture to a Member

56. When any shares have been forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make any such entry as aforesaid. Provided that option or right to call of forfeited shares shall not be given to any person.

Forfeited shares to be property of the Company and may be sold etc.

57. Any shares so forfeited, shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted, or otherwise disposed of, either to the original holder thereof or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Board in their absolute discretion shall think fit.

Members still liable to pay money owing at time of forfeiture and interest

58. Any Member whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company, on demand all calls, installments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon from the time of the forfeiture until payment, at such rate not exceeding two per cent per annum more than the bank lending rate as the Board may determine and the Board may enforce the payment of the whole or a portion thereof as if it were a new call made at the date of the forfeiture, but shall not be under any obligation to do so.

Effect of forfeiture

59. The forfeiture of shares shall involve extinction at the time of the forfeiture, of all interest in all claims and demand against the Company, in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved.

Evidence of Forfeiture

60. A declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Secretary of the Company and that shares in the Company have been duly forfeited in accordance with these Articles on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares.

Title of purchaser and allottee of Forfeited shares

61. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or

other disposition thereof and the person to whom such share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of may be registered as the holder of the share and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration: if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or other disposal of the shares.

Directors may issue new certificates

62. Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Article, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of the relative shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and of no effect, and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a new certificate or certificates in respect of the said shares to the person or persons entitled thereto.

Forfeiture may be remitted or annulled

63. In the meantime, and until any share so forfeited shall be sold, re-allotted or otherwise dealt with as aforesaid, the forfeiture thereof may at the discretion and by a resolution of the Board, be remitted or annulled as a matter of grace and favour but not as of right, upon such terms and conditions as they think fit.

Validity of sale under Articles 51 and 57

64. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers hereinbefore given, the Board may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the Shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register of Members in respect of the Shares sold, and the purchasers shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings or to the application of the purchase money, and after his name has been entered in the Register of Members in respect of such Shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

Surrender of shares

65. The Directors may, subject to the provisions of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from or by any Member desirous of surrendering on such terms the Directors may think fit.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

Execution of the instrument of shares

66. (a) The instrument of transfer of any share in or debenture of the Company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee.
- (b) The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the share or debenture until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members or Register of Debenture holders in respect thereof.

Transfer Form

67. The instrument of transfer of any share or debenture shall be in writing and all the provisions of Section 56 (including statutory modification thereof) including other applicable provisions of the Act and Rules made thereunder shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfers of shares or debenture and registration thereof.

Instrument of Transfer to be completed and presented to the Company

68. (a) The Company shall not register a transfer in the Company (other than the transfer between persons both of whose names are entered as holders of beneficial interest in the records of a depository), unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee and specifying the name, address and occupation if any, of the transferee, has been delivered to the Company along with the certificate relating to the shares or if no such share certificate is in existence along with the letter of allotment of the shares within sixty days from date of execution: Provided that where, on an application in writing made to the Company by the transferee and bearing the stamp, required for an instrument of transfer, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Board of Directors that the instrument of transfer signed by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of the transferee has been lost or the instrument of transfer has not been delivered within the prescribed period, the Company may register the transfer on such terms as to indemnity as the Board may think fit, provided further that nothing in this Article shall prejudice any power of the Company to register as shareholder any person to whom the right to any shares in the Company has been transmitted by operation of law.

- (b) The Transferor shall be deemed to be the holder of such shares until the name of the Transferee shall have been entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof. Before the registration of a transfer the certificate or certificates of the shares must be delivered to the Company.

Directors may refuse to register transfer

69. Subject to the provisions of Section 58 of the Act and Section 22A of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, the Board may, at its own absolute and uncontrolled discretion and after assigning the reason for same, decline to register or acknowledge any transfer of shares, whether fully paid or not (notwithstanding that the proposed transferee be already a member), send to the transferee and the transferor notice of the refusal to register such transfer provided that registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except a lien on shares.

Notice of refusal to be given to transferor and transferee

70. If the Company refuses to register the transfer of any share or transmission of any right therein, the Company shall within 30 days from the date on which the instrument of transfer or intimation of transmission was lodged with the Company, send notice of refusal to the transferee and transferor or to the person giving intimation of the transmission, as the case may be, and there upon the provisions of Section 56 of the Act or any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force shall apply.

Fee on transfer or transmission

71. There shall be paid to the Company, in respect of the transfer or transmission of any number of shares to the same party such fee, if any as the Directors may require.

Provided that the Board shall have the power to dispense with the payment of this fee either generally or in any particular case.

Closure of Register of Members or debenture holder or other security holders

72. The Board of Directors shall have power on giving not less than seven days previous notice in accordance with section 91 and Rules made thereunder close the Register of Members and/or the Register of debentures holders and/or other security holders at such time or times and for such period or periods, not exceeding thirty days at a time, and not exceeding in the aggregate forty five days at a time, and not exceeding in the aggregate forty five days in each year as it may seem expedient to the Board.

Custody of transfer Deeds

73. The instrument of transfer shall after registration be retained by the Company and shall remain in its custody. All instruments of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall on demand be returned to the persons depositing the same. The Directors may cause to be destroyed all the transfer deeds with the Company after such period as they may determine.

Application for transfer of partly paid shares

74. Where an application of transfer relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the transferee makes no objection to the transfer within two weeks from the receipt of the notice.

Death of one or more joint-holders of shares

75. (a) In the case of the death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register of Members as the joint-holders of any share, the survivor or survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share.

- (b) Nothing in clause (a) above shall release the estate of the deceased joint holder from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him with other persons.

Title to shares of deceased member

76. Before recognizing any executor or administrator or legal representative, the Board may require him to obtain a Grant of Probate or Letters of Administration or other legal representation as the case may be, from some competent court in India.

Provided nevertheless that in any case where the Board in its absolute discretion thinks fit, it shall be lawful for the Board to dispense with the production of Probate or letter of Administration or such other legal representation upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise, as the Board in its absolute discretion, may consider adequate.

Titles of Shares of deceased Member

77. The Executors or Administrators of a deceased Member or holders of a Succession Certificate or the Legal Representatives in respect of the Shares of a deceased Member (not being one of two or more joint holders) shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to the Shares registered in the name of such Members, and the Company shall not be bound to recognize such Executors or Administrators or holders of Succession Certificate or the Legal Representative unless such Executors or Administrators or Legal Representative shall have first obtained Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate, as the case may be from a duly constituted Court in the Union of India provided that in any case where the Board of Directors in its absolute discretion thinks fit, the Board upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Directors may deem proper dispense with production of Probate or Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate and register Shares standing in the name of a deceased Member, as a Member. However, provisions of this Article are subject to Section 72 of the Companies Act.

Registration of persons entitled to share otherwise than by transfer. (transmission clause)

78. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, any person becoming entitled to any share in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy, insolvency of any member or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these presents, may, with the consent of the Directors (which they shall not be under any obligation to give) upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this Article or of this title as the Director shall require either be registered as member in respect of such shares or elect to have some person nominated by him and approved by the Directors registered as Member in respect of such shares; provided nevertheless that if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered he shall testify his election by executing in favour of his nominee an instrument of transfer in accordance with the provisions as prescribed under Act and Rules, and, until he does so, he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of such shares. This clause is hereinafter referred to as the 'Transmission Clause'.

Refusal to register nominee

79. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Directors shall have the same right to refuse or suspend register a person entitled by the transmission to any shares or his nominee as if he were the transferee named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.

Board may require evidence of transmission

80. Every transmission of a share shall be verified in such manner as the Directors may require and the Company may refuse to register any such transmission until the same be so verified or until or unless an indemnity be given to the Company with regard to such registration which the Directors at their discretion shall consider sufficient, provided nevertheless that there shall not be any obligation on the Company or the Directors to accept any indemnity.

Company not liable for disregard of a notice prohibiting registration of transfer

81. The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made, or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register or Members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the same shares notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right, title or interest or notice prohibiting registration of such transfer, and may have entered such notice or referred thereto in any book of the Company and the Company shall not be bound or require to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to them of any equitable right, title or interest, or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Directors shall so think fit.

Form of transfer Outside India

82. In the case of any share registered in any register maintained outside India the instrument of transfer shall be in a form recognized by the law of the place where the register is maintained but subject thereto shall be as near to the form prescribed in as prescribed under the relevant Rules hereof as circumstances permit.

No transfer to insolvent etc.

83. No transfer shall be made to any minor, insolvent or person of unsound mind.

NOMINATION

Nomination

84. (a) Notwithstanding anything contained in the articles, every holder of securities of the Company may, at any time, nominate a person in whom his/her securities shall vest in the event of his/her death and the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall apply in respect of such nomination.
- (b) No person shall be recognized by the Company as a nominee unless an intimation of the appointment of the said person as nominee has been given to the Company during the lifetime of the holder(s) of the securities of the Company in the manner specified under Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 19 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014.
- (c) The Company shall not be in any way responsible for transferring the securities consequent upon such nomination.
- (d) If the holder(s) of the securities survive(s) nominee, then the nomination made by the holder(s) shall be of no effect and shall automatically stand revoked.

Transmission of Securities by nominee

85. A nominee, upon production of such evidence as may be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either-
- (a) to be registered himself as holder of the security, as the case may be; or
- (b) to make such transfer of the security, as the case may be, as the deceased security holder, could have made;
- (c) if the nominee elects to be registered as holder of the security, himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company, a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects and such notice shall be accompanied with the death certificate of the deceased security holder;
- (d) a nominee shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled to, if he were the registered holder of the security except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of his security, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.

Provided further that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share or debenture, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable or rights accruing in respect of the share or debenture, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES

Dematerialisation of Securities

86. Subject to the provisions of the Act and Rules made thereunder the Company may offer its members facility to hold securities issued by it in dematerialized form and will offer the Securities for subscription in dematerialized form.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose names appear in the register of members as a holder of any share or whose names appear as beneficial owners of shares in the records of the Depository, as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law) be bound to recognise any benami trust or equity or equitable contingent or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

Conversion of shares into stock or reconversion

87. The Company may, by ordinary resolution in General Meeting :

- a) convert any fully paid-up shares into stock; and
- b) re-convert any stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination.

Transfer of stock

88. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner as and subject to the same regulation under which the shares from which the stock arose might before the conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit, provided that, the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable so however that such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose.

Rights of stock holders

89. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, participation in profits, voting at meetings of the Company, and other matters, as if they hold the shares for which the stock arose but no such privilege or advantage shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred that privilege or advantage.

Regulations

90. Such of the regulations of the Company (other than those relating to share warrants), as are applicable to paid up share shall apply to stock and the words "share" and "shareholders" in those regulations shall include "stock" and "stockholders" respectively.

COPIES OF MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES TO BE SENT TO MEMBERS

Copies of Memorandum and Articles of Association to be sent to Members

91. A copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and of any other document referred to in Section 17 of the Act shall be sent by the Company to a Member at his request on payment of Rs. 100 or such reasonable sum for each copy as the Directors may, from time to time, decide. The fees can be waived off by the Company.

BORROWING POWERS

Power to borrow

92. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board may, from time to time at its discretion, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board generally raise or borrow money by way of deposits, loans, overdrafts, cash creditor by issue of bonds, debentures or debenture-stock (perpetual or otherwise) or in any other manner, or from any person, firm, company, co-operative society, any body corporate, bank, institution, whether incorporated in India or abroad, Government or any authority or any other body for the purpose of the Company and may secure the payment of any sums of money so received, raised or borrowed; provided that the total amount borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's Bankers in the ordinary course of business) shall not without the consent of the Company in General Meeting exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves that is to say reserves not set apart for any specified purpose. Nevertheless no lender or other person dealing with the Company shall be concerned to see or inquire whether this limit is observed.

Terms of issue of Debentures

93. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, any bonds, debentures, debenture-stock or any other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, allotment of shares, appointment of Directors or otherwise; provided that debentures with the right to allotment of or conversion into shares shall not be issued except with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting.

Securing payment or repayment of Moneys borrowed

94. Subject to the provisions of Article 96, the payment and/or repayment of moneys borrowed or raised as aforesaid or any moneys owing otherwise or debts due from the Company may be secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects, as the Board may think fit by a

resolution passed at a meeting of the Directors , and in particular by mortgage, charter, lien or any other security upon all or any of the assets or property (both present and future) or the undertaking of the Company including its uncalled capital for the time being, or by a guarantee by any Director, Government or third party, and the bonds, debentures and debenture stocks and other securities may be made assignable, free from equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee, the performance by the Company or any other person or company of any obligation undertaken by the Company or any person or Company as the case may be.

Bonds, Debentures etc. to be under the control of the Directors

95. Any bonds, debentures, debenture-stock, Global Depository Receipts or their securities issued or to be issued by the Company shall be under the control of the Board who may issue them upon such terms and conditions, and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider being for the benefit of the Company.

Mortgage of uncalled Capital

96. If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other security the Directors shall subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital in trust for the person in whose favour such mortgage or security is executed.

Indemnity may be given

97. Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles if the Directors or any of them or any other person shall incur or be about to incur any liability whether as principal or surety for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Directors may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

Register of Mortgages etc. to be kept

98. The Board shall cause a proper Register to be kept in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the Act of all mortgages, debentures and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company.

Register and Index of Debenture holders

99. (a) The Company shall, if at any time it issues debentures, keep a Register and Index of Debenture holders in accordance with Section 88 of the Act.

(b) The Company shall have the power to keep in any State or Country outside India a branch Register of Debenture holders resident in that State or country.

Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and Contracts

100. The Directors shall arrange to maintain at the Registered office of the Company a Register of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, containing the particulars and in the form prescribed by Section 170 of the Act. It shall be the duty of every Director and other persons regarding whom particulars have to be maintained in such Registers to disclose to the Company any matters relating to himself as may be necessary to comply with the provisions of the said sections. The Directors shall cause to be kept at the Registered Office

(a) a Register in accordance with Section 170 : and

(b) a Register of Contracts or arrangements of which they are interested, containing the particulars required by Section 189 of the Act.

The Registers can be maintained in electronic form subject to the provisions of the Act.

Inspection of Register

101. The provisions contained in Article 194 relating to inspection and taking copies shall be mutatis mutandis be applicable to the registers specified in this Article.

MEETINGS OF MEMBERS

Distinction between AGM & EGM

102. All the General Meetings of the Company other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

Annual General Meeting- Annual Summary

103. The Company shall in each year hold a General Meeting as its Annual General Meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year. The Annual General Meeting shall be held within a period of six months, from the date of closing of the financial year; provided that not more than fifteen months shall elapse between the date of one Annual General Meeting and that of the next. Nothing contained in the foregoing provisions shall be taken as affecting the right conferred on the Registrar under the provisions of Section 96 (1) of the Act to extend the time within which any Annual General Meeting may be held. Every Annual General Meeting shall be called for a time during business hours that is, between 9 a.m. and 6 p.m. on any day that is not a National Holiday, and shall be held at the Registered Office of the Company or at some other place within the City of Ahmedabad as the Board may determine and the Notices calling the Meeting shall specify it as the Annual General Meeting. Every Member of the Company shall be entitled to attend either in person or by proxy and the Auditor of the Company shall have the right to attend and to be heard at any General Meeting which he attends on any part of the business which concerns him as Auditor. At every Annual General Meeting of the Company there shall be laid on the table the Directors' Report and Financial Statements, Auditors' Report (if not already incorporated in the Financial Statements), the Proxy Register with proxies and the Register of Directors' shareholding which shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the Meeting. An annual return and Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account shall be filed with the Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad, Gujarat, in accordance with Sections 92 and 137 of the Act.

Extra-Ordinary General Meeting by Board and by requisition

104. (a) The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting and they shall on requisition of Members or Members holding in the aggregate not less than one-tenth of such of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of deposit of the requisition and in compliance with Section 100 of the Act, forthwith proceed to convene Extra-Ordinary General Meeting.

When a Director or any two Members may call an Extra Ordinary General Meeting

- (b) If at any time there are not within India sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum, or if the number of Directors be reduced in number to less than the minimum number of Directors prescribed by these Articles and the continuing Directors fail or neglect to increase the number of Directors to that number or to convene a General Meeting, any Director or any two or more Members of the Company holding not less than one-tenth of the total paid up share capital of the Company may call for an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meeting may be called by the Directors.

Requisition of Members to state object of Meeting

105. Any valid requisition so made by Members must state the object or objects of the meeting proposed to be called, and must be signed by the requisitionists and be deposited at the Registered Office; provided that such requisition may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.

On receipt of requisition, Directors to call Meetings and in default requisitionists may do

106. Upon the receipt of any such requisition, the Board shall forthwith call an Extraordinary General Meeting, and if they do not proceed within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition being deposited at the Registered Office, to cause a meeting to be called for a day not later than forty-five days from the date of deposit of the requisition, meeting may be called and held by the requisitionists themselves within a period of three months from the date of the requisition.

Notice of meeting

107. Twenty-one days notice at the least (either in writing or electronic mode) of every General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary, specifying the place, date, day, hour, and the general nature of the business to be transacted thereat, shall be given in the manner hereinafter provided, to such persons, as given under Act, entitled to receive notice from the Company. A General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than ninety five percent of the members entitled to vote at such meeting. In the case of an Annual General Meeting, if any business other than (i) the consideration of financial statements and the reports of the Board of Directors and auditors, (ii) the declaration of dividend, (iii) the appointment of Directors in place of those retiring,

(iv) the appointment of, and fixing of the remuneration of, the Auditors is to be transacted, there shall be annexed to the notice of the Meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item of business, including in particular the nature or concern (financial or otherwise) and extent of the interest, if any, therein of every Director, Manager, Key Managerial Personnel, and their relatives (if any). Where any item of business consists of the approval of any document the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.

Omission to give notice not to invalidate a resolution passed

108. The accidental omission to give any such notice as aforesaid to any member, or other person to whom it should be given or the non-receipt thereof, shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such Meeting.

Meeting not to transact business not mentioned in notice

109. No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transfer any business which has not been mentioned in the notice or notices upon which it was convened.

Quorum

110. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, unless the requisite quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. The quorum for a general meeting shall be the presence in person of such number of members as specified in Section 103 of the Act. A body corporate being a Member shall be deemed to be personally present if represented in accordance with Section 113 of the Act.

If quorum not present, Meeting to be dissolved and adjourned

111. If, at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the Meeting a quorum of Members is not be present, the Meeting, if convened by or upon the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week or if that day is a public holiday until the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday, at the same time and place or to such other day and at such other time and place as the Board may determine; and if at such adjourned Meeting a quorum of Members is not present at the expiration of half an hour from the time appointed for the Meeting, those Members who are present shall be a quorum, and may, transact the business for which the Meeting was called.

Chairman of General Meeting

112. The Chairman or in his absence the Vice Chairman of the Board shall be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary. If there be no such Chairman or Vice Chairman, or if at any Meeting neither of them be present within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such Meeting then the Members present shall elect another Director as Chairman, and if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, then the Members present shall elect one of their number to be Chairman.

Business confined to election of Chairman whilst Chair is vacant

113. No business, except the election of a Chairman, shall be discussed at any General Meeting whilst the Chair is vacant.

Chairman with consent may adjourn meeting

114. (a) The Chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (b) No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- (c) When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
- (d) Save as aforesaid, and as provided in section 103 of the Act, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

Chairman's casting vote

115. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall on a poll (if any) and e-voting, have casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a Member.

Poll to be taken, if demanded

116. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid the same shall, be taken in such manner as prescribed under the Act.

In what case poll taken without adjournment

117. Any poll duly demanded on the election of Chairman of the meeting or any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting forthwith.

Demand for poll not to prevent transaction of other business

118. The demand for a poll except on the question of the election of the Chairman and of an adjournment shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

Security arrangement at venue of meetings

119. The Board, and the persons authorized by it, shall have the right to take and/or make suitable arrangements for ensuring the safety of any meeting – whether a general meeting or a meeting of any class of Security, or of the persons attending the same, and for the orderly conduct of such meeting, and notwithstanding anything contained in this Articles, any action, taken pursuant to this Article in good faith shall be final and the right to attend and participate in such meeting shall be subject to the decision taken pursuant to this Article.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Members in arrears not to vote

120. No Member shall be entitled to vote either personally or by proxy at any General Meeting or Meeting of a class of shareholders either upon a show of hands, upon a poll or electronically, or be reckoned in a quorum in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has exercised, any right or lien.

Number of votes each member entitled

121. Subject to the provision of these Articles and without prejudice to any special privileges, or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the company, every Member, not disqualified by the last preceding Article shall be entitled to be present, and to speak and to vote at such meeting, and on a show of hands every member present in person shall have one vote and upon a poll (including voting by electronic means) the voting right of every Member present in person or by proxy shall be in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company, Provided, however, if any preference shareholder is present at any meeting of the Company, save as provided in sub-section (2) of Section 47 of the Act, he shall have a right to vote only on resolution placed before the meeting which directly affect the rights attached to his preference shares.

How Members non-compos mentis and minor may vote

122. A Member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any Court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll by his Committee or other legal guardian: and any such Committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy; if any Member be minor, the vote in respect of his share shall be by his guardian, or any one of his guardians if more than one, to be selected in case of dispute by the Chairman of the Meeting.

Casting of votes by a member entitled to more than one vote

123. On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company a member entitled to more than one vote or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses.

Postal Ballot

124. Notwithstanding anything contained in the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, the Company may, and in the case of resolutions relating to such business other than the Ordinary business as may be prescribed by such authorities from time to time, declare to be conducted only by postal ballot, shall, get any such business/ resolutions passed by means of postal ballot, instead of transacting the business in the General Meeting of the Company.

E-Voting

125. A member may exercise his vote at a meeting by electronic means in accordance with section 108 and shall vote only once.

Votes of joint members

126. (a) If there be joint registered holders of any share any one of such persons may vote at any Meeting either personally or by proxy in respect of such shares, as if he were solely entitled thereto.

(b) If more than one of such joint-holders be present at any Meeting either personally or by proxy, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders. If more than one of the said persons remain present than the senior shall alone be entitled to speak and to vote in respect of such shares, but the other or others of the joint holders shall be entitled to be present at the meeting. Several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose name share stands shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed joints holders thereof.

(c) For this purpose, seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the register of members.

Votes may be given by proxy or by representative

127. Votes may be given either personally or by attorney or by proxy or in case of a company, by a representative duly Authorized as mentioned in Articles.

At any General Meeting, a resolution put to vote of the meeting shall, unless a poll is demanded under Section 109, or if the voting is carried out electronically be decided on a show of hands. Such voting in a general meeting or by postal ballot shall also include electronic voting in a General Meeting or Postal Ballot as permitted by applicable laws from time to time.

Representation of a body corporate

128. A body corporate (whether a company within the meaning of the Act or not) may, if it is member or creditor of the Company (including being a holder of debentures or any other Securities) authorize such person by resolution of its Board of Directors, as it thinks fit, in accordance with the provisions of Section 113 of the Act to act as its representative at any Meeting of the members or creditors of the Company or debentures holders of the Company. A person authorized by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the body corporate as if it were an individual member, creditor or holder of debentures of the Company.

Members paying money in advance

129. (a) A member paying the whole or a part of the amount remaining unpaid on any share held by him although no part of that amount has been called up, shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys paid until the same would, but for this payment, become presently payable.

Members not prohibited if share not held for any specified period

- (b) A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting rights on the ground that he has not held his shares or interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote was taken.

Votes in respect of shares of deceased or insolvent members

130. Any person entitled under Article 78 (transmission clause) to transfer any share may vote at any General Meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares, provided that at least forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to transfer such shares and give such indemnity (if any) as the Directors may require or the directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

No votes by proxy on show of hands

131. No Member shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands through Proxy unless such member is present personally or by attorney or is a body Corporate present by a representative duly Authorized under the provisions of the Act in which case such members, attorney or representative may vote on a show of hands as if he were a Member of the Company. In the case of a Body Corporate the production at the meeting of a copy of such resolution duly signed by a Director or Secretary of such Body Corporate and certified by him as being a true copy of the resolution shall be accepted by the Company as sufficient evidence of the authority of the appointment.

Appointment of a Proxy

132. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power-of-attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Deposit of instrument of appointment

133. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any), under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power of attorney, shall be deposited at the office not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the Meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution.

Form of proxy

134. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the Rules made under section 105.

Validity of votes given by proxy not withstanding death of a member

135. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the Member, or revocation of the proxy or of any power of attorney which such proxy signed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given, provided that no intimation in writing of the death or insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the office before the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

Proxy either for specified meeting or for a period

136. An instrument of proxy may appoint a proxy either for the purpose of a particular meeting specified in the instrument and every adjournment thereof or every meeting of the Company or every meeting to be held before a date not being later than twelve months from the date of the instrument specified in the instrument and every adjournment of every such meeting.

Time for objections to votes

137. No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote, except at the Meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered, and every vote, whether given personally or by proxy, not disallowed at such Meeting or poll shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such Meeting or poll whatsoever.

Chairperson of the Meeting to be the judge of validity of any vote

138. The Chairman of any Meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such Meeting. The Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll.

Minutes of General Meeting and inspection thereof by Members

139. (a) Every company shall cause minutes of the proceedings of every general meeting of any class of shareholders or creditors, and every resolution passed by postal ballot and every meeting of its Board of Directors or of every committee of the Board, to be prepared and signed in such manner as may be prescribed and kept within thirty days of the conclusion of every such meeting concerned, or passing of resolution by postal ballot in books kept for that purpose with their pages consecutively numbered.
- (b) The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
- (c) Each page of every such book shall be initialed or signed and the last page of the record of proceedings of each meeting or each report in such books shall be dated and signed by the chairman of the same meeting within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of the death or inability of that chairman within that period, by a director duly authorised by the Board for the purpose. In case of every resolution passed by postal ballot, by the chairman of the Board within the aforesaid period of thirty days or in the event of there being no chairman of the Board or the death or inability of that chairman within that period, by a director duly authorized by the Board for the purpose.
- (d) In no case shall the minutes of proceedings of a meeting be attached to any such book as aforesaid by pasting or otherwise.
- (e) All appointments made at any of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.

The Chairman of the meeting shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the aforesaid grounds

- (f) Nothing herein contained shall require or be deemed to require the inclusion in any such minutes of any matter which in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting.

- 1) is or could reasonably be regarded as, defamatory of any person, or
 - 2) is irrelevant or immaterial to the proceedings, or
 - 3) is detrimental to the interests of the Company
- (g) Any such minutes shall be evidence of the proceedings recorded therein.
- (h) The book containing the minutes of proceedings of General Meetings shall be kept at the office of the Company and shall be open during business hours, for such periods not being less in the aggregate than two hours in each day as the Directors determine, to the inspection of any Member without charge.

DIRECTORS

Number of Directors

140. Until otherwise determined by a General Meeting of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the number of Directors (including Debenture and Alternate Directors) shall not be less than three and not more than fifteen. Provided that a company may appoint more than fifteen directors after passing a special resolution.

Qualification shares

141. A Director of the Company shall not be bound to hold any Qualification Shares in the Company.

Nominee Directors

142. (a) Whenever the Company enters into a contract with any Government, Central, State or Local, any bank or financial institution or any person or persons (hereinafter referred to as "the appointer") for borrowing any money or for providing any guarantee or security or for technical collaboration or assistance or for under-writing the Directors shall have, subject to the provisions of the Act and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, the power to agree that such appointer shall have the right to appoint by a notice in writing addressed to the Company, one or more persons as a Director or Directors of the Company for such period and upon such conditions as may be mentioned in the agreement and that such Director or Directors may not be liable to retire by rotation nor be required to hold any qualification shares. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as a Nominee Director.
- (b) The Nominee Director/s so appointed shall not be required to hold any qualification shares in the Company nor shall be liable to retire by rotation. The Board of Directors of the Company shall have no power to remove from office the Nominee Director/s so appointed. The said Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges including receiving of notices, copies of the minutes, sitting fees, etc. as any other Director of the Company is entitled.
- (c) If the Nominee Director/s is an officer of any of the financial institution the sitting fees in relation to such nominee Directors shall accrue to such financial institution and the same accordingly be paid by the Company to them. The Financial Institution shall be entitled to depute observer to attend the meetings of the Board or any other Committee constituted by the Board.
- (d) The Nominee Director/s shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, be at liberty to disclose any information obtained by him/them to the Financial Institution appointing him/them as such Director/s.

Debenture Directors

143. If it is provided by the Trust Deed, securing or otherwise, in connection with any issue of debentures of the Company, that a trustee appointed under the Trust Deed shall have power to appoint a Director of the Company, then in the case of any and every such issue of debentures, the person or persons having such power may exercise such power from time to time and appoint a Director accordingly. Any Director so appointed is herein referred to as a Debenture Director. A Debenture Director may be removed from office at any time by the trustee in whom for the time being is vested the power under which he was appointed and another Director may be appointed in his place. A debenture Director shall not be liable to retire by rotation. A debenture Director shall not be bound to hold any qualification shares.

Appointment of Alternate Director

144. The Board may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "The Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India. An Alternate Director

appointed under this Article shall not hold office for period longer than that permissible to the Original Director in whose place he has been appointed and shall vacate office if and when the Original Director returns to India. If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he so returns to India, any provision in the Act or in these Articles for the automatic re-appointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.

Additional Director

145. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any other person to be an Additional Director but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum fixed under Article 142. Any such Additional Director shall hold office only up to the date of the next Annual General Meeting.

Directors' power to fill casual vacancies

146. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint a Director, if the office of any director appointed by the company in general meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, who shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it had not been vacated by him.

Appointment of Independent Directors

147. The Company shall appoint such number of Independent Directors as it may deem fit, for a term specified in the resolution appointing him. An Independent Director may be appointed to hold office for a term of up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and shall be eligible for re-appointment on passing of Special Resolution and such other compliances as may be required in this regard. No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms. The provisions relating to retirement of directors by rotation shall not be applicable to appointment of Independent Directors.

Sitting Fees

148. Until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting, each Director other than the Managing/ Whole-time Director (unless otherwise specifically provided for) shall be entitled to sitting fees not exceeding a sum prescribed in the Act (as may be amended from time to time) for attending meetings of the Board or Committees thereof provided that Independent Directors and Women Directors, the sitting fee shall not be less than the sitting fee payable to other directors.

Travelling expenses Incurred by Director on Company's business

149. The Board of Directors may subject to the limitations provided in the Act allow and pay to any Director who attends a meeting at a place other than his usual place of residence for the purpose of attending a meeting, such sum as the Board may consider fair, compensation for travelling, hotel and other incidental expenses properly incurred by him, in addition to his fee for attending such meeting as above specified.

Additional Remuneration for Services

150. Any one or more of the Directors shall be paid such additional remuneration as may be fixed by the Directors for services rendered by him or them and any one or more of the Directors shall be paid further remuneration if any as the Company in General Meeting or the Board of Directors shall from time to time determine. Such remuneration and/or additional remuneration may be paid by way of salary or commission on net profits or turnover or by participation in profits or by way of perquisites or in any other manner or by any or all of those modes.

If any director, being willing shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertion for any of the purposes of the Company, the Company in General Meeting or the Board of Directors shall, subject as aforesaid, remunerate such Director or where there is more than one such Director all or such of them together either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits or in any other manner as may be determined by the Directors and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for the remuneration above provided.

When office of Directors to be vacated

151. Subject to Section 167 of the Act, the office of a Director shall be vacated if :

- (a) he incurs any of the disqualifications specified in section 164 of the Act;
- (b) he absents himself from all the meetings of the Board of Directors held during a period of twelve months with or without seeking leave of absence of the Board;

- (c) he acts in contravention of the provisions of section 184 relating to entering into contracts or arrangements in which he is directly or indirectly interested;
- (d) he fails to disclose his interest in any contract or arrangement in which he is directly or indirectly interested, in contravention of the provisions of section 184;
- (e) he becomes disqualified by an order of a court or the Tribunal;
- (f) he is convicted by a court of any offence, whether involving moral turpitude or otherwise and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than six months:

Provided that the office shall be vacated by the director even if he has filed an appeal against the order of such court;

- (g) he is removed in pursuance of the provisions of this Act;
- (h) he, having been appointed a director by virtue of his holding any office or other employment in the holding, subsidiary or associate company, ceases to hold such office or other employment in that company.

Removal of Director

152. The Company may by an ordinary resolution remove any Director (not being a Director appointed by the Tribunal in pursuance of Section 242 of the Act) in accordance with the provisions of Section 169 of the Act. A Director so removed shall not be re appointed a Director by the Board of Directors.

Resignation of Directors

153. Subject to the provisions of Section 168 of the Act a Director may at any time resign from his office upon giving notice in writing to the Company of his intention so to do, and thereupon his office shall be vacated.

PROCEEDING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Meetings of Directors

154. (a) The Board of Directors may meet for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it thinks fit.
- (b) A director may, and the manager or secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.

Meeting through Video Conferencing

155. The Board of Directors shall be entitled to hold its meeting through video conferencing or other permitted means, and in conducting the Board meetings through such video conferencing or other permitted means the procedures and the precautions as laid down in the relevant Rules shall be adhered to. With regard to every meeting conducted through video conferencing or other permitted means, the scheduled venue of the meetings shall be deemed to be in India, for the purpose of specifying the place of the said meeting and for all recordings of the proceedings at the meeting.

Notice of Meetings

156. Subject to provisions of Section 173 (3) of the Act, notice of not less than seven days of every meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be given in writing to every Director at his address registered with the company and shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or through electronic means. The meeting of the Board may be called at a shorter notice to transact urgent business subject to the condition that at least one Independent Director of the Company shall be present at the meeting. In the event, any Independent Director is not present at the meeting called at shorter notice, the decision taken at such meeting shall be circulated to all the directors and shall be final only on ratification thereof by at least one Independent Director.

Quorum for Meetings

157. The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one-third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one third being rounded off as one), or two directors whichever is higher and the directors participating by video conferencing or by other permitted means shall also counted for the purposes of this Article. Provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of the Directors who are not interested, being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such time.

Explanation:

The expressions "interested Director" shall have the meanings given in Section 184(2) of the said Act and the expression "total strength" shall have the meaning as given in Section 174 of the Act.

Chairperson

158. (a) The Directors may from time to time elect from among their members a Chairperson of the Board and determine the period for which he is to hold office. If at any meeting of the Board, the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of the Directors then present to preside at the meeting.
- (b) Subject to Section 203 of the Act and rules made there under, one person can act as the Chairman as well as the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer at the same time.

Questions at Board meeting how decided

159. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board of Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes and in the case of an equality of votes, the Chairman will have a second or casting vote.

Continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board

160. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board; but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the quorum fixed by the Act for a meeting of the Board, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that fixed for the quorum, or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.

Directors may appoint committee

161. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board may delegate any of their powers to a Committee consisting of such member or members of its body as it thinks fit, and it may from time to time revoke and discharge any such committee either wholly or in part and either as to person, or purposes, but every Committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Board. All acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purposes of their appointment but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.

Committee Meetings how to be governed

162. The Meetings and proceedings of any such Committee of the Board consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article.

Chairperson of Committee Meetings

163. (a) A committee may elect a Chairperson of its meetings.
- (b) If no such Chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairperson is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present may choose one of their members to be Chairperson of the meeting.

Meetings of the Committee

164. (a) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks fit.
- (b) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a second or casting vote.

Acts of Board or Committee shall be valid notwithstanding defect in appointment

165. Subject to the provisions of the Act, all acts done by any meeting of the Board or by a Committee of the Board, or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of such Director or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or that the appointment of any of them had been terminated by virtue of any provisions contained in the Act or in these Articles, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed, and was qualified to be a Director.

Resolution by Circulation

166. A resolution not being a resolution required by the said Act or otherwise to be passed at a meeting of the Directors, may be passed without any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors provided that the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any,

to all the Directors, or to all the members of the Committee as the case may be, at their addresses registered with the Company, by hand delivery or by post or courier or through electronic means as permissible under the relevant Rules and has been approved by a majority of the Directors as are entitled to vote on the resolution.

Power to fill casual vacancy

167. Subject to the provisions of Section 161 of the Act, if the office of any Director appointed by the Company in General Meeting vacated before his term of office will expire in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may in default of and subject to any other regulation contained in this Articles be filled by the Board of Directors at the meeting of the Board and the Director so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if had not been vacated as aforesaid.

RETIREMENT AND ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

Retirement and Rotation of Directors

168. Subject to provision of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Act, not less than two-third of the total number of Directors of the Company shall be the persons whose period of office shall be liable to determination by retirement by rotation and one-third of such of Directors of the Company for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation and if their number is not three or a multiple of three then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from the office.

The Directors to retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in the office from the last appointment.

Eligibility for re-election

169. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

POWERS OF THE BOARD

Powers of the Board

170. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Board who may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as may be necessary, unless otherwise restricted by the Act, or by any other law or by the Memorandum or by these Articles required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting. However no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made.

Certain powers of the Board

171. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by these Articles or the governing laws of the Country and so as not in any way to limit or restrict these powers, and without prejudice to the other powers conferred by these Articles, but subject to the restrictions contained in the Articles, it is hereby, declared that the Directors shall have the following powers, that is to say -

To acquire any property, rights etc.

- (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, to purchase or otherwise acquire any lands, buildings, machinery, premises, property, effects, assets, rights, creditors, royalties, business and goodwill of any person firm or company carrying on the business which this Company is authorized to carry on, in any part of India.

To take on Lease

- (2) Subject to the provisions of the Act to purchase, take on lease for any term or terms of years, or otherwise acquire any land or lands, with or without buildings and out-houses thereon, situate in any part of India, at such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and in any such purchase, lease or acquisition to accept such title as the Directors may believe, or may be advised to be reasonably satisfy.

To erect & construct

- (3) To erect and construct, on the said land or lands, buildings, houses, warehouses and sheds and to alter, extend and improve the same, to let or lease the property of the company, in part or in whole for such rent and subject to such conditions, as may be thought advisable; to sell such portions of the land or buildings of the Company as may not be required for the company; to mortgage the whole or any portion of the property of the company for the purposes of the Company; to sell all or any portion of the machinery or stores belonging to the Company.

To pay for property

- (4) At their discretion and subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may pay property rights or privileges acquired by, or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partially in cash or in shares, bonds, debentures or other securities of the Company, and any such share may be issued either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon; and any such bonds, debentures or other securities may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company and its uncalled capital or not so charged.

To insure properties of the Company

- (5) To insure and keep insured against loss or damage by fire or otherwise for such period and to such extent as they may think proper all or any part of the buildings, machinery, goods, stores, produce and other moveable property of the Company either separately or co-jointly; also to insure all or any portion of the goods, produce, machinery and other articles imported or exported by the Company and to sell, assign, surrender or discontinue any policies of assurance effected in pursuance of this power.

To open Bank accounts

- (6) To open accounts with any Bank or Bankers and to pay money into and draw money from any such account from time to time as the Directors may think fit.

To secure contracts by way of mortgage

- (7) To secure the fulfillment of any contracts or engagement entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge on all or any of the property of the Company including its whole or part of its undertaking as a going concern and its uncalled capital for the time being or in such manner as they think fit.

To accept surrender of shares

- (8) To accept from any member, so far as may be permissible by law, a surrender of the shares or any part thereof, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed upon.

To appoint trustees for the Company

- (9) To appoint any person to accept and hold in trust, for the Company property belonging to the Company, or in which it is interested or for any other purposes and to execute and to do all such deeds and things as may be required in relation to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees.

To conduct legal proceedings

- (10) To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon any legal proceeding by or against the Company or its Officer, or otherwise concerning the affairs and also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts, due, and of any claims or demands by or against the Company and to refer any difference to arbitration, either according to Indian or Foreign law and either in India or abroad and observe and perform or challenge any award thereon.

Bankruptcy & Insolvency

- (11) To act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankruptcy and insolvency.

To issue receipts & give discharge

- (12) To make and give receipts, release and give discharge for moneys payable to the Company and for the claims and demands of the Company.

To invest and deal with money of the Company

- (13) Subject to the provisions of the Act, and these Articles to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof, upon such authority (not being the shares of this Company) or without security and in such manner as they may think fit and from time to time to vary or realize such investments. Save as provided in Section 187 of the Act, all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name.

To give Security by way of indemnity

- (14) To execute in the name and on behalf of the Company in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability whether as principal or as surety, for the benefit of the Company, such mortgage of the Company's property (present or future) as they think fit, and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and other powers, provisions, covenants and agreements as shall be agreed upon.

To determine signing powers

- (15) To determine from time to time persons who shall be entitled to sign on Company's behalf, bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsements, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purpose, whether by way of a resolution of the Board or by way of a power of attorney or otherwise.

Commission or share in profits

- (16) To give to any Director, Officer, or other persons employed by the Company, a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, or a share in the general profits of the company; and such commission or share of profits shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company.

Bonus etc. to employees

- (17) To give, award or allow any bonus, pension, gratuity or compensation to any employee of the Company, or his widow, children, dependents that may appear just or proper, whether such employee, his widow, children or dependents have or have not a legal claim on the Company.

Transfer to Reserve Funds

- (18) To set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they may think proper for depreciation or the depreciation funds or to insurance fund or to an export fund, or to a Reserve Fund, or Sinking Fund or any special fund to meet contingencies or repay debentures or debenture-stock or for equalizing dividends or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any of the properties of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purpose referred to in the preceding clause) as the Board may, in the absolute discretion think conducive to the interests of the Company, and subject to Section 179 of the Act, to invest the several sums so set aside or so much thereof as may be required to be invested, upon such investments (other than shares of this Company) as they may think fit and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of and apply and extend all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company notwithstanding the matters to which the Board apply or upon which the capital moneys of the Company might rightly be applied or expended and divide the reserve fund into such special funds as the Board may think fit; with full powers to transfer the whole or any portion of a reserve fund or division of a reserve fund to another fund and with the full power to employ the assets constituting all or any of the above funds, including the depreciation fund, in the business of the company or in the purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture-stocks and without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets and without being bound to pay interest on the same with the power to the Board at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds, interest at such rate as the Board may think proper.

To appoint and remove officers and other employees

- (19) To appoint, and at their discretion remove or suspend such general manager, managers, secretaries, assistants, supervisors, scientists, technicians, engineers, consultants, legal, medical or economic advisers, research workers, laborers, clerks, agents and servants, for permanent, temporary or special services as they may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties and to fix their salaries or emoluments or remuneration and to require security in such instances and for such amounts they may think fit and also from time to time to provide for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere in such manner as they think fit and the provisions contained in the next following clauses shall be without prejudice to the general powers conferred by this clause.

To appoint Attorneys

- (20) At any time and from time to time by power of attorney under the seal of the Company, to appoint any person or persons to be the Attorney or attorneys of the Company, for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these presents and excluding the power to make calls and excluding also except in their limits authorized by the Board the power to make loans and borrow moneys) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Board may from time to time think fit, and such appointments may (if the Board think fit) be made in favour of the members or any of the members of any local Board established as aforesaid or in favour of any Company, or the shareholders, directors, nominees or manager of any Company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board and any such powers of attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience for dealing with such Attorneys as the Board may think fit, and may contain powers enabling any such delegated Attorneys as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion for the time being vested in them.

To enter into contracts

- (21) Subject to Sections 188 of the Act, for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purpose of the Company to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute and do all such acts, deeds and things in the name and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient.

To make rules

- (22) From time to time to make, vary and repeal rules for the regulations of the business of the Company its Officers and employees.

To effect contracts etc.

- (23) To effect, make and enter into on behalf of the Company all transactions, agreements and other contracts within the scope of the business of the Company.

To apply & obtain concessions licenses etc.

- (24) To apply for, promote and obtain any act, charter, privilege, concession, license, authorization, of any Government, State or municipality, provisional order or license of any authority for enabling the Company to carry any of this objects into effect, or for extending and any of the powers of the Company or for effecting any modification of the Company's constitution, or for any other purpose, which may seem expedient and to oppose any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.

To pay commissions or interest

- (25) To pay and charge to the capital account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable there out under the provisions of Sections 40 of the Act and of the provisions contained in these presents.

To redeem preference shares

- (26) To redeem preference shares.

To assist charitable or benevolent institutions

- (27) To subscribe, incur expenditure or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or any other institutions or subjects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality or operation or of public and general utility or otherwise.

To provide for welfare of Directors

- (28) To provide for the welfare of Directors or ex-Directors or employees or ex-employees of the Company and their wives, widows and families or the dependents or connections of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwelling or chawls, or by grants of moneys, pension, gratuities, allowances, bonus or other payments, or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing, to provide other associations, institutions, funds or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards place of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Board shall think fit and subject to the provision of Section 181 of the Act, to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions or object which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company, either by reason of locality of operation, or of the public and general utility or otherwise.

To purchase or acquire foreign licence

- (29) To purchase or otherwise acquire or obtain foreign license, other license for the use of and to sell, exchange or grant license for the use of any trade mark, patent, invention or technical know-how.

To sell any Article, material etc.

- (30) To sell from time to time any Articles, materials, machinery, plants, stores and other Articles and thing belonging to the Company as the Board may think proper and to manufacture, prepare and sell waste and by-products.

To extend the business and undertaking

- (31) From time to time to extend the business and undertaking of the Company by adding, altering or enlarging all or any of the buildings, factories, workshops, premises, plant and machinery, for the time being the property of or in the possession of the Company, or by erecting new or additional buildings, and to expend such sum of money for the purpose aforesaid or any of them as they

be thought necessary or expedient.

To make payment of rents and performance of covenants

- (32) To undertake on behalf of the Company any payment of rents and the performance of the covenants, conditions and agreements contained in or reserved by any lease that may be granted or assigned to or otherwise acquired by the Company and to purchase the reversion or reversions, and otherwise to acquire on free hold sample of all or any of the lands of the Company for the time being held under lease or for an estate less than freehold estate.

To improve, manage, develop property

- (33) To improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, sell, resell and re-purchase, dispose off, deal or otherwise turn to account, any property (movable or immovable) or any rights or privileges belonging to or at the disposal of the Company or in which the Company is interested.

To lease, sell, re-purchase property

- (34) To let, sell or otherwise dispose of subject to the provisions of Section 180 of the Act and of the other Articles any property of the Company, either absolutely or conditionally and in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit and to accept payment in satisfaction for the same in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit.

To delegate powers

- (35) Generally subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, to delegate the powers/authorities and discretions vested in the Directors to any person(s), firm, company or fluctuating body of persons as aforesaid.

To comply with the requirements of local law

- (36) To comply with the requirements of any local law which in their opinion it shall in the interest of the Company be necessary or expedient to comply with.

Save as provided by the said Act or by these presents and subject to the restrictions imposed by Section 179 of the said Act, the Directors may delegate all or any powers by the said Act or by the Memorandum of Association or by these presents reposed in them.

MANAGING AND WHOLE-TIME DIRECTORS

Powers to appoint Managing/ Whole-time Directors

172. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Articles, the Directors may from time to time in Board Meetings appoint one or more of their body to be a Managing Director, Joint Managing Director or Managing Directors or whole-time Director or whole-time Directors, Manager or Chief Executive Officer of the Company either for a fixed term or for such term not exceeding five years at a time as they may think fit to manage the affairs and business of the Company, and may from time to time (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the Company) remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places.
- (b) The Managing Director or Managing Directors or whole-time Director or whole-time Directors so appointed shall not be liable to retire by rotation. A Managing Director or Whole-time Director who is appointed as Director immediately on the retirement by rotation shall continue to hold his office as Managing Director or Whole-time Director and such re-appointment as such Director shall not be deemed to constitute a break in his appointment as Managing Director or Whole-time Director.

Remuneration of Managing or Whole-time Director

173. The remuneration of a Managing Director or a Whole-time Director (subject to the provisions of the Act or as per the clarifications notified by the Government and of these Articles and of any contract between him and the Company) shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors, and may be, by way of fixed salary, or commission on profits of the Company, or by participation in any such profits, or by any, or all of these modes.

Powers and duties of Managing Director or Whole-time Director

174. (1) Subject to control, direction and supervision of the Board of Directors, the day-to-day management of the company will be in the hands of the Managing Director or Whole-time Director appointed in accordance with regulations of these Articles of Association with powers to the Directors to distribute such day-to-day management functions among such Directors and in any manner as may be directed by the Board.

- (2) The Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon the Managing Director or Whole-time Director for the time being save as prohibited in the Act, such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions as they think expedient; and they may subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles confer such powers, either collaterally with or to the exclusion of, and in substitution for, all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any such powers.
- (3) The Company's General Meeting may also from time to time appoint any Managing Director or Managing Directors or Whole-time Director or Whole-time Directors of the Company and may exercise all the powers referred to in these Articles.
- (4) The Managing Director shall be entitled to sub-delegate (with the sanction of the Directors where necessary) all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in him in particular from time to time by the appointment of any attorney or attorneys for the management and transaction of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in such manner as they may think fit.
- (5) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Managing Director is expressly allowed generally to work for and contract on behalf of the Company and especially to do the work of Managing Director and also to do any work for the Company upon such terms and conditions and for such remuneration (subject to the provisions of the Act) as may from time to time be agreed between him and the Directors of the Company.

Restriction on Management

175. The Managing Director or Managing Directors shall not exercise the powers to :

- (a) make calls on shareholders in respect of money unpaid on shares in the Company;
- (b) issue debentures;

and except to the extent mentioned in a resolution passed at the Board meeting under Section 179 of the Act, he or they shall also not exercise the powers to -

- (c) borrow moneys, otherwise than on debentures;
- (d) invest the funds of the Company; and
- (e) make loans.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY OR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Board to appoint Chief Executive Officer/Manager/Company Secretary/Chief Financial Officer

176. (a) Subject to the provisions of the Act —

- (i) A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer or any other Key Managerial Personnel may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board;
 - (ii) A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.
- (b) A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorizing a thing to be done by or to a director and chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

THE SEAL

The seal, its custody and use

177. (a) The Board at their option can provide a Common Seal for the purposes of the Company, and

shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute or not substitute a new Seal in lieu thereof, and the Board shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal for the time being, and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board previously given.

- (b) The Company shall also be at liberty to have an Official Seal in accordance with of the Act, for use in any territory, district or place outside India.
- (c) As authorized by the Act or amendment thereto, if the company does not have a common seal, the authorisation under this clause shall be made by two directors or by a director and the Company Secretary, wherever the company has appointed a Company Secretary or persons acting on behalf of the Directors under a duly registered Power of Attorney and (2) the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose; a Director may sign a share certificate by affixing signature thereon by means of any machine, equipment or other mechanical means such as engraving in metal or lithography but not by means of rubber stamp.

Usage of the Seal

178. The seal of the company shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorized by it in that behalf, and except in the presence of at least one director or the manager, if any, or of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and such director or manager or the secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Company is so affixed in their presence.

DIVIDEND AND RESERVES

Division of profits

179. (1) Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividends, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but if and so long as nothing is paid upon any of the shares in the Company, dividends may be declared and paid according to the amounts of the shares.
- (2) No amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this regulation as paid on the share.
- (3) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

The company in General Meeting may declare Dividends

180. The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends, to be paid to members according to their respective rights and interests in the profits and may fix the time for payment and the Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 127 of the Act, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board of Directors, but the Company may declare a smaller dividend in general meeting.

Transfer to reserves

181. (a) The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied, including provision for meeting contingencies or for equalizing dividends; and pending such application, may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the company) as the Board may, from time to time, thinks fit.
- (b) The Board may also carry forward any profits which it may consider necessary not to divide, without setting them aside as a reserve.

Interim Dividend

182. Subject to the provisions of section 123, the Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to it to be justified by the profits of the company.

Debts may be deducted

183. The Directors may retain any dividends on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards the satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.

Retention of dividends until completion of transfer under Articles

184. The Board of Directors may retain the dividend payable upon shares in respect of which any person under Articles has become entitled to be a member, or any person under that Article is entitled to transfer, until such person becomes a member, in respect of such shares or shall duly transfer the same.

No Member to receive dividend whilst indebted to the company and the Company's right of reimbursement thereof

185. No member shall be entitled to receive payment of any interest or dividend or bonus in respect of his share or shares, whilst any money may be due or owing from him to the Company in respect of such share or shares (or otherwise however, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons) and the Board of Directors may deduct from the interest or dividend payable to any member all such sums of money so due from him to the Company.

Effect of transfer of shares

186. A transfer of shares does not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

Dividend to joint holders

187. Any one of several persons who are registered as joint holders of any share may give effectual receipts for all dividends or bonus and payments on account of dividends in respect of such share.

Dividends how remitted

188. (a) Any dividend, interest or other monies payable in cash in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or, in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named on the register of members, or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct or electronically by ECS/NEFT/RTGS.
- (b) Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent.

The Company shall not be liable or responsible for any cheque or warrant lost in transmission or for any dividend lost to the member or person entitled thereto by forged endorsements on any cheque or warrant, or the fraudulent or improper recovery thereof by any other means.

Notice of dividend

189. Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share therein in the manner mentioned in the Act.

No interest on Dividends

190. No unclaimed dividend shall be forfeited before the claim becomes barred by law and no unpaid dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

CAPITALIZATION

Capitalization

191. (1) The Company in General Meeting may, upon the recommendation of the Board, resolve:
- (a) that it is desirable to capitalize any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts, or to the credit of the Profit and Loss account, or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (b) That such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in clause (2) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto, if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions.
- (2) The sums aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied subject to the provisions contained in clause (3) either in or towards:

- (a) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively;
 - (b) paying up in full, unissued shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid up, to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid; or
 - (c) partly in the way specified in sub-clause (a) and partly in that specified in sub-clause (c).
- (3) A Securities Premium Account and Capital Redemption Reserve Account may, for the purposes of this regulation, be applied by the Company for the purposes permissible pursuant to the Act.
- (4) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this regulation.

Fractional Certificate

192. (1) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall
- (a) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, if any, and
 - (b) generally to do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- (2) The Board shall have full power -
- (a) to make such provision, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, in case of shares becoming distributable in fractions; and also
 - (b) to authorize any person to enter, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization, or (as the case may require) for the payment by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions, of the profits resolved to be capitalized, of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares.
- (3) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.
- (4) That for the purpose of giving effect to any resolution, under the preceding paragraph of this Article, the Directors may give such directions as may be necessary and settle any questions or difficulties that may arise in regard to any issue including distribution of new equity shares and fractional certificates as they think fit.

Inspection of Accounts

193. (a) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.
- (b) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorized by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

FOREIGN REGISTER

Foreign Register

194. The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it by the provisions of the Act with regard to the keeping of Foreign Register of its Members or Debenture holders, and the Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, make and vary such regulations as it may think fit in regard to the keeping of any such Registers.

DOCUMENTS AND SERVICE OF NOTICES

Signing of documents & notices to be served or given

195. Any document or notice to be served or given by the Company be signed by a Director or such person duly authorized by the Board for such purpose and the signature may be written or printed or lithographed or through electronic transmission.

Authentication of documents and proceedings

196. Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a document or proceeding requiring authentication by the company may be signed by a Director, the Manager, or Secretary or other Authorized Officer of the Company (digitally or electronically) and need not be under the Common Seal of the Company and the signature thereto may be written, facsimile, printed, lithographed, photostat.

WINDING UP

Winding Up

197. Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and Rules made thereunder—
- (i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.
 - (ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.
 - (iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY

Directors' and others right to indemnity

198. Subject to provisions of the Act, every Director, or Officer or Servant of the Company or any person (whether an Officer of the Company or not) employed by the Company as Auditor, shall be indemnified by the Company against and it shall be the duty of the Directors to pay, out of the funds of the Company, all costs, charges, losses and damages which any such person may incur or become liable to, by reason of any contract entered into or act or thing done, concurred in or omitted to be done by him in any way in or about the execution or discharge of his duties or supposed duties (except such if any as he shall incur or sustain through or by his own wrongful act neglect or default) including expenses, and in particular and so as not to limit the generality of the foregoing provisions, against all liabilities incurred by him as such Director, Officer or Auditor or other officer of the Company in defending any proceedings whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in his favor, or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 463 of the Act on which relief is granted to him by the Court.

The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its directors (present and former), other employees and the Key Managerial Personnel, for insurers to directly meet all claims, losses, expenses, fines, penalties or such other levies, or for indemnifying any or all of them against any such liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable.

Not responsible for acts of others

199. Subject to the provisions of the Act, no Director, Managing Director or other officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Directors or Officer, or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company through insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortuous act of any person, company or corporation, with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be entrusted or deposited, or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgment or oversight on his part, or for any other loss or damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happens through his own dishonesty.

An Independent Director, and a non executive director not being a promoter or a Key Managerial Personnel, shall be liable only in respect of acts of omission or commission, by the Company which had occurred with his knowledge, attributable through Board processes, and with his consent or connivance or where he has not acted diligently.

SECRECY

Secrecy

200. (a) Every Director, Manager, Auditor, Treasurer, Trustee, Member of a Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant or other person employed in the business of the company shall, if so required by the Directors, before entering upon his duties, sign a declaration pleading himself to observe strict secrecy respecting all transactions and affairs of the Company with the customers and the state of the accounts with individuals and in matters relating thereto, and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of the matter which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his duties except when required so to do by the Directors or by any meeting or by a Court of Law and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provisions in these presents contained.

Access to property information etc.

- (b) No member or other person (other than a Director) shall be entitled to enter the property of the Company or to inspect or examine the Company's premises or properties or the books of accounts of the Company without the permission of the Board of Directors of the Company for the time being or to require discovery of or any information in respect of any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process or of any matter whatsoever which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient in the interest of the Company to disclose or to communicate.

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